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No. 2,189 號玖拾捌百壹千貳萬式第 日陸廿月柒年巳己 HONG KONG, FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1929. 伍拜禮 日卅月捌年九廿百九仟登英 PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH.

## KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY. TIME-TABLE.

On and after April 8th, 1929, until further Notice (all previous  
Time Tables cancelled.)  
UP TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 M.
Kowloon Dep.	6.40	8.05	8.30	9.15	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	1.00	1.15	1.30	1.45	2.00	2.15	2.30	2.45
Kowloon Arr.	6.45	8.10	8.35	9.20	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	1.05	1.20	1.35	1.50	2.05	2.20	2.35	2.50
Shatin Dep.	7.01	8.26	8.51	9.36	10.21	10.36	10.51	11.06	11.21	11.36	11.51	12.06	12.21	12.36	12.51	1.06	1.21	1.36	1.51	2.06	2.21	2.36	2.51	3.06
Shatin Arr.	7.06	8.31	8.56	9.41	10.26	10.41	10.56	11.11	11.26	11.41	11.56	12.11	12.26	12.41	12.56	1.11	1.26	1.41	1.56	2.11	2.26	2.41	2.56	3.11
Taipei Dep.	7.13	8.38	9.03	9.48	10.33	10.48	11.03	11.18	11.33	11.48	12.03	12.18	12.33	12.48	1.03	1.18	1.33	1.48	2.03	2.18	2.33	2.48	3.03	3.18
Taipei Arr.	7.18	8.43	9.08	9.53	10.38	10.53	11.08	11.23	11.38	11.53	12.08	12.23	12.38	12.53	1.08	1.23	1.38	1.53	2.08	2.23	2.38	2.53	3.08	3.23
Market Dep.	7.30	8.55	9.20	10.05	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25	2.40	2.55	3.10	3.25
Market Arr.	7.35	9.00	9.25	10.10	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	1.00	1.15	1.30	1.45	2.00	2.15	2.30	2.45	3.00	3.15	3.30
Fanning Dep.	7.50	9.15	9.40	10.25	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	1.00	1.15	1.30	1.45	2.00	2.15	2.30	2.45	3.00	3.15	3.30	3.45
Fanning Arr.	7.55	9.20	9.45	10.30	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	1.05	1.20	1.35	1.50	2.05	2.20	2.35	2.50	3.05	3.20	3.35	3.50
Shuang Dep.	7.55	9.20	9.45	10.30	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	1.05	1.20	1.35	1.50	2.05	2.20	2.35	2.50	3.05	3.20	3.35	3.50
Shuang Arr.	8.00	9.25	9.50	10.35	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25	2.40	2.55	3.10	3.25	3.40	3.55
Shum Dep.	8.10	9.35	10.00	10.45	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	1.05	1.20	1.35	1.50	2.05	2.20	2.35	2.50	3.05	3.20	3.35	3.50	4.05
Shum Arr.	8.15	9.40	10.05	10.50	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25	2.40	2.55	3.10	3.25	3.40	3.55	4.10
Canton Arr.	12.05	12.30	12.55	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.55	2.00	2.05	2.10	2.15	2.20	2.25	2.30	2.35	2.40

### DOWN TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 M.
Canton Dep.	—	—	—	8.10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shumchun Dep.	7.17	8.03	10.34	11.27	11.47	12.53	4.39	5.47	6.43	7.07	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shumchun Arr.	7.23	8.11	10.44	11.37	11.57	13.03	4.45	5.53	6.49	7.13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fanning Dep.	7.30	8.15	10.47	—	11.50	13.06	4.50	5.58	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fanning Arr.	7.36	8.21	10.53	—	11.56	13.12	4.56	6.04	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Taipei Dep.	7.44	8.29	11.01	—	12.04	13.20	5.04	6.12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Taipei Arr.	7.50	8.35	11.07	—	12.10	13.26	5.10	6.18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shatin Dep.	7.57	8.44	11.14	—	12.17	13.33	5.17	6.25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shatin Arr.	8.03	8.50	11.20	—	12.23	13.39	5.23	6.31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yauwatt Dep.	8.11	8.58	11.28	—	12.31	13.47	5.31	6.39	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yauwatt Arr.	8.17	9.04	11.34	—	12.37	13.53	5.37	6.45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kowloon Arr.	8.17	9.04	11.34	12.07	12.48	13.54	5.44	6.52	7.22	7.49	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

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From Macao: 8.00 A.M. "SUI AN"  
(Sundays Excepted.)  
2.00 P.M. "SUI TAI"  
(Sundays Excepted.)

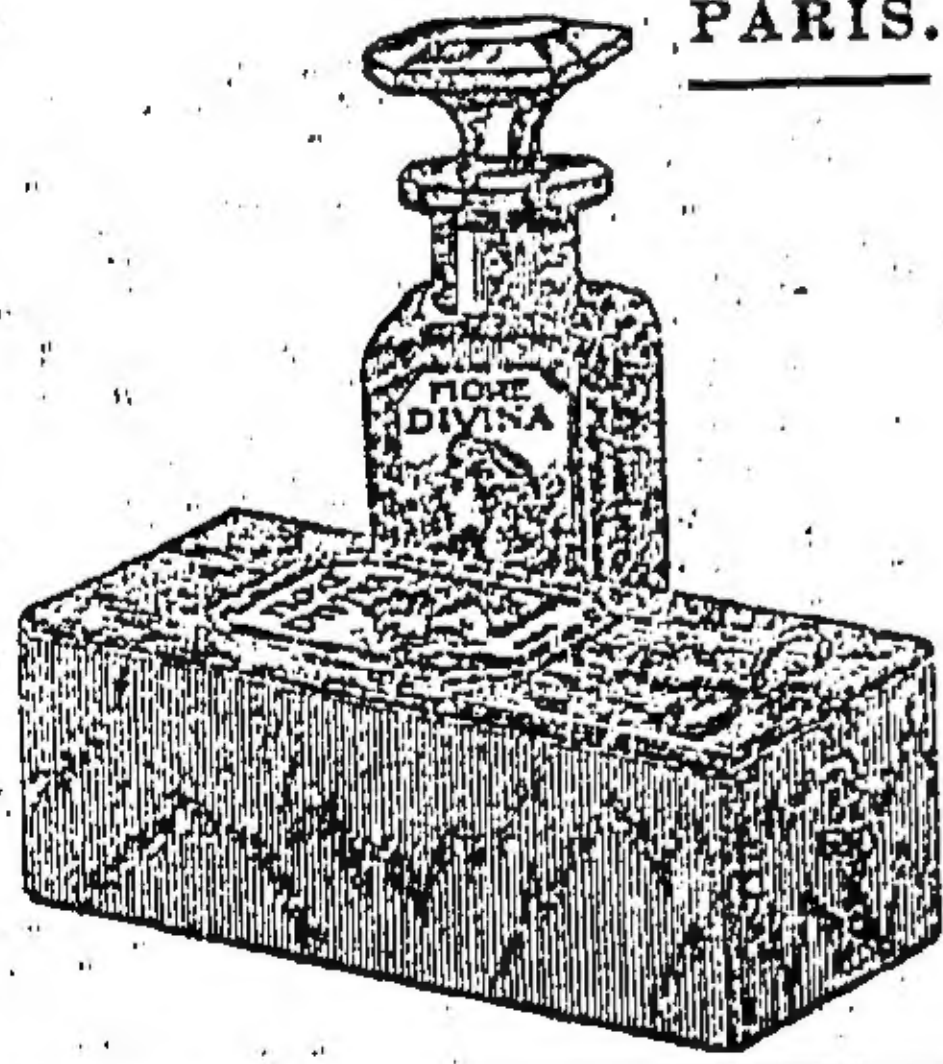
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## SWIMMERS WHO HAVE CROSSED THE CHANNEL.

### ELEVEN-YEAR-OLD SCHOOLGIRL TO MAKE ATTEMPT.

LADIES WHO COVET MISS EDERLE'S FINE RECORD.

### EGYPTIAN'S LONG BUT SUCCESSFUL SWIM.

[By ROBERT G. DOWSON, United Press Staff Correspondent.]

Dover, Eng.—If all the swimmers who intend to swim the English Channel this year carry out their threats British and foreign shipping schedules are likely to be upset.

At least a score of long distance swimmers are now waiting here and on the French side of the treacherous water which has disillusioned many powerful and famous aquatic performers. Some of them have been successful in previous attempts, others have often tried but never succeeded, while a number will be making their first attempt this year.

#### Gold Cup Offered.

The crossing from France to England has been made so many times during the past few years that most of this year's aspirants intend to win the gold cup offered by the Dover Corporation for the next person to swim from Dover to France.

Following is a list of names, with details, of those who have already accomplished the feat, those who intend to do so at the earliest opportunity and those who have consistently failed.

Buxton, Miss Joan, eleven-year-old schoolgirl of Dover, who has been reported to be contemplating an attempt for the first time this year.

Burozas, Thomas William, familiarly known as "Bill," Home town London. One of only three who have accomplished the crossing from England to France. Swam from Admiralty Pier, Dover, to Cape Gris Nez, France, September 5-6, 1911, in 22 hours 35 minutes, covering thirty-nine miles. Now very popular and successful trainer. Trained Gertrude Ederle for her successful swim.

Conson, Mrs. Clemington, (formerly Miss Gade), of New York City. First mother to swim Channel, crossing from Cape Gris Nez to Shakespeare Cliff, Dover, August 27-28, 1926, in 15 hours 32 minutes. Also famous for her swims round Manhattan Island and from New York City to Albany. Not contemplating trip this year.

Delara, Luis Rodriguez, of Madrid was drowned when he attempted swim Channel from Boulogne accompanied in September 1928. His body was washed ashore at Boulogne September 29.

Derham, Norman Leslie, mattress manufacturer, in London, whose home town is Southend-on-Sea. Swam from Cape Gris Nez to St.

Margaret Bay, near Dover, September 10-17, 1926, in 13 hours 57 minutes, winning *News of the World* \$5,000 prize for first Britisher to beat Gertrude Ederle's time for the crossing.

#### Wolfe as Trainer.

Ederle, Gertrude, of New York City, was the first woman to swim the Channel and still holds the women's record for the feat, standing at 14 hours 34 minutes. She accomplished this August 6, 1926, swimming from Cape Gris Nez to Kingsdown, near St. Margaret's Bay, covering about 31 miles.

Gilhead, Miss Connie, twenty-year-old London stenographer, who is planning an attempt on Ederle's record. She is training jointly with Miss Hilda Sharp who will make a similar attempt. They are being trained by Jabez Wolfe, hero of twenty-one unsuccessful attempts.

Gill, Mrs. Ivy, is a twenty-six-year-old typist of Sheffield, England. She made several attempts before she was successful October 14-15, 1927, when she swam from Cape Gris Nez to Shakespeare Cliff in 15 hours 9 minutes.

Glitz, Miss Mercedes, twenty-eight-year-old London stenographer who claims to have accomplished the trip in fifteen hours fifteen minutes on October 7, 1927, crossing from Cape Gris Nez to a spot near St. Margaret's Bay. She also claims to have swum the Straits of Gibraltar from Tarifa, Spain, to Punta Leon, Morocco, in 121 hours, April 8, 1928. She is still disbelieved in many quarters and periodicals and newspapers frequently make embarrassing statements regarding her charity funds.

Hawes, Miss Ivy, of London, swam from Cape Gris Nez to a landing place, Kingsdown, on August 18-19, 1928, taking 19 hours 18 minutes.

#### Familiar Figure.

Helmy, Iebak, is a giant Egyptian who, for several years, has been a familiar and very popular figure on the Gris Nez beach from whence he has made numerous attempts to swim to England. He was finally successful September 1, 1928, when he landed at Dover after being in the water for 21 hours 40 minutes.

Huddleston, Mrs. Myrtle, is an American "widow of Watson," Illinois. She is thirty-one years old and the present holder of the world's endurance record which she

set up in May, 1928, when she remained in the water for 30 hours 10 minutes 13.4 seconds, thus breaking the record from the German baker, Ernest Vier-Kotter. Mrs. Huddleston will be making her first acquaintance with the English Channel this year, and her intention is to cross the stretch in both directions.

Kimmerich, Otto, is a former German submarine commander who unsuccessfully attempted the Channel in 1926, though in August, 1928, he successfully crossed the Bay of Danzig, covering 65.80 miles in a swim of 43 hours 13 minutes. Kemmerich once held the world's endurance record until his time was beaten by the American widow Mrs. Myrtle Huddleston. He is also a prominent performer in European marathon swims.

#### A Faked Swim.

Logan, Doctor Dorothy, of London, is the author of the famous Channel swimming hoax of 1927, when she faked a swim "in order to prove how easy it was to get away with it." She was fined £100 for, swearing a false oath and severely censured by the British Medical Association. This year, however, she is reported to be contemplating a real effort to make the crossing.

Michel, Georges, is a Paris baker who is accredited with the record for the France to England crossing of 11 hours 8 minutes, which he accomplished September 9-10, 1926, swimming from Cape Gris Nez to St. Margaret's Bay. He is also prominent in American and Canadian marathon swims.

Shane, Miss Hilda (Laddie), nineteen-year-old nursemaid of Brighton, Sussex, who is training with Miss Connie Gilhead with the sole object of one of the girls beating Gertrude Ederle's record. Laddie was successful after several attempts in 1928, swimming from Cape Gris Nez to Shakespeare Cliff, August 24, in 14 hours 58 minutes.

Spacek, Vencelas, a Czechoslovakian mechanic of Prague, caused a sensation June 9, 1927, by unexpectedly swimming into Dover and declaring that he had swum from a point on the French coast between Calais and Cape Gris Nez in 10 hours 45 minutes. Investigations, however, threw some doubt on the story and Spacek finally admitted that his swim was a fake.

(Continued on Page 3.)

## Diary of Coming Events.

### To-day. (August 30.)

Christian Fellowship Meeting.  
Helen May Institute, 10.30 a.m.  
Netherland's Consul "At Home,"  
11.30 a.m.  
Queen's Theatre: "Dream of Love."  
World Theatre: "Odette."  
Star Theatre: "The Villa by the Sea."  
Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel, and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.  
Tides:—High: 4.48 a.m. and 8.19 p.m.; Low: 1.12 p.m. and 10.93 p.m.

### Saturday. (August 31.)

Queen of the Netherlands born 1890.  
Baseball: Hong Kong v. Kloras.  
Lawn Bowls:—Division I: Tai-koo v. Police, Civil Service v. Kowloon, Recreio v. Bowling Green, Kowloon Dock v. Craigengower, Division II: Craigengower v. Tai-koo, Kowloon C.C. v. Civil Service, Bowling Green v. Hong Kong Electric, Yacht Club v. Recreio.  
Queen's Theatre: "Dream of Love."  
World Theatre: "Odette."  
Star Theatre: "The Villa by the Sea."

Tea Dances: Hong Kong Hotel, and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.  
Dinner Dance: Repulse Bay Hotel, 8.30 p.m.  
Tides:—High: 5.58 a.m. and 9.03 p.m.; Low: 1.50 p.m.  
European Malls:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Kashmir), 10.30 a.m.

### Sunday. (September 1.)

Fourteenth Sunday After Trinity.  
Sale of Crown Land: Rural Building Lot No. 394, Island Lot No. 2914, P.W.D. Offices, 3 p.m.  
Baseball: Japanese v. Philippines.  
Queen's Theatre: "Torcat's Roosters," 7.15 and 9.20 p.m.  
"The Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary."  
World Theatre: "The Farmer's Daughter."  
Star Theatre: "The Tower of Lies."  
Tea Dance: Repulse Bay Hotel, 4.30 p.m.  
Tides:—High: 7.03 a.m. and 9.34 p.m.; Low: 12.15 a.m. and 2.39 p.m.

### Monday. (September 2.)

Water Polo: Somersets v. Kowloon "B,"



There is something about a  
**DOLLY VARDON HAT**  
which makes it different to all others.

That something is the charm and distinction  
which marks the creation of an artist.

**THE DOLLY VARDON HAT SHOP**  
ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING.

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Or your bag may give the touch of strong colour which invests the ensemble with meaning.

In our salons you will now find bags priced from \$9.50 to \$23 typifying the latest choice of the mode.

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## FELIX HAT SHOP

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**FALL MILLINERY**  
which has been carefully selected  
from the Foremost Houses by an  
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*Inspection Cordially Invited.*

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## In the Ladies' Salon

The Correct Styles for the Season

### "Early Autumn, 1929"

Are Now On View.

We have just received a Consignment  
of Jumpers and Pullovers, with their  
Appropriate Hats.

**LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.**

LADIES' SALON (MEZZANINE FLOOR)

TEL. C. 4567.

# WOMAN'S PAGE.

## ART AND ARTISTS.

### NEW AUTUMN MILLINERY.

Artists are often looked on with a pitying contempt by those whom the artists themselves call "philistines." It is said that they produce nothing of practical value in the world, and yet when artists turn their attention to practical things such as designing clothes, or posters, these same philistines are inclined to say that they are not artists at all! But we may be thankful that artists have a very definite place in the dress world for our clothes to-day are more beautiful and becoming than they have been for many generations. Only the man or woman who understands the human form can know how to clothe it beautifully. These reflections are the outcome of a visit to the Dolly Vardon Hat Shop where I was shown the new autumn millinery. The hats are hand made, a fact which is patent in their line and the careful selection of the trimming. The favourite material is a satin finish felt which is as soft and light as satin and drapes even more easily. It is frequently allied with panne velvet, the latter material being used for the brim or applications which are generally stitched on with a fairly heavy silk thread or with a touch of gold. One exceedingly attractive model in beige felt has a sort of sun ray trimming of wings of velvet in tones of orange and brown stitched with a dark brown silk. Bright nigger felt has grapes and leaves of beige velvet applied on either side with heavy silk.

Cloche shapes with the brim widening over each ear are very smart. One black model is stitched with heavy silk in various bright colours, another has applied circles of coloured panne and black stitching.



An effective frock in two tones of blue and black.

## EARLY AUTUMN.

### THE APPEAL OF SPORTS WEAR.

The first comers of the early autumn goods always receive a very warm welcome. After so many months of thin silks and muslin it is delightful to see the first wools. Especially delightful when they come in the charming guise of those now being shown in Lane, Crawford's Ladies' Salon.

I was looking yesterday at jumpers, and pull overs, of the finest and thinnest wool. They might equally well be worn almost at once with a silk skirt or a little later under a tailor made or to complete the ensemble of a knitted suit. Some of them are made of very fine soft angora, the whole jumper could be pulled through a wedding ring and weighs little more than a man's pocket handkerchief. Some of them are in silk and wool and trimmed with bands of lace.

The most prominent colours, are the new Nile green, mimosa yellow and a delightful new silver grey. Most of the jumpers have a second colour, generally a beige or grey, introduced in narrow stripes round the hips, which is most useful in building up a good ensemble. There also some attractive sleeveless coats made to wear open over a jumper, and I saw some three-piece suits in fine white wool which are very nice for late summer wear. Nearly all these jumpers are "Jaeger" models which is a guarantee of the excellence of their material.

I had a look, too, at some attractive felt hats which have been bought to match the jumpers. They range in price from about \$7, and strike just that note between the sports and the habillé models, which look best with the semi-formality of a jumper. Among them is a shape in Nile green with a navy blue brim and ribbon which, if a Nile green jumper were worn with a navy tailor made, would set the crown on a very smart ensemble.

### Pioneer News.

Here is the "Pioneer" news of the week: drawn this time from the shop in China Building. New Kayser silk stockings have arrived in the latest colours, and also some delightful Holeyproof stockings with clocks. There are some tie and handkerchief sets for men, in small patterns in a very pleasing range of colours. New haori coats have arrived which are more tempting than ever, and there are some gay and attractive coolie coats with small formalised patterns and seals. I saw, too, a nice selection of printed foulards mostly in spot designs which would be lovely for late summer frocks.

### AN IMPORTANT ITEM.

A most important item in the outfit of every woman, be she ever so poor or with more money than she knows how to spend, is her hand-bag, the faithful friend that does for her what man's many pockets do for him, carrying money, keys, handkerchief, and other things according to her station. In the wardrobe of the well-dressed woman her hand-bag assumes an even greater importance, and not infrequently plays a part similar to that of jewellery in striking a rich and definite note in the harmony of the ensemble.

The adoption of scarlet as the colour for bags in the coming season suggests that they are destined to play this decorative role. You will find among the collection which is just now being shown *chez Pamela*, a number of pochettes in the new shape, of sealing wax red leather, and others which are trimmed with red or with bright orange.

The zipper fastening is still popular for flat shaped bags, although a certain number still show the envelope or true bag shapes, the latter generally having metal mounts. Another type of "decorative" bag is made of richly coloured furnishing brocade in which metallic threads are woven, the smaller ones having jewelled and gilded mounts. A very smart bag is made of black patent with a trimming of machine stitching. A scarlet leather bag is trimmed with pin tucks.

White clothes which have become marked by grass should be sponged with a solution of ammonia and water. Coloured materials for the girls' gown should be well moistened with paraffin or glycerine, left for about one hour, and rinsed in warm water and then washed in the usual way.

## BRING COLOUR INTO YOUR HOME.

The importance of colour is not clearly enough recognised by most of us. We are inclined to laugh at the mystically inclined who talk of "auras" and "colour influences," but although these people are often ridiculous, there is a basis of truth in what they say. It is, perhaps, even more essential for those of us who live in Hong Kong to bring colour into our homes, than it is for those at home. Most of us live in rooms, the walls of which are colour washed in some neutral shade, and which are furnished to a large extent with black-wood. Unless we are among the very lucky we have not colourful gardens beyond our windows, but green trees or even just other houses. Hong Kong has many fine buildings but it is not the "colourful East" of the novelist. Even our own clothes are carefully thought out ensembles, very often in beige, black or grey schemes.

Colour is an essential to vitality of mind and body and in some way we must introduce it into our daily lives. No better method can be found in those days than in the decoration of our rooms with colourful materials, of which cretonne is the most practical and inexpensive. New clothes for your chairs will make room "come alive" and act as a tonic on your own tired nerves after the long summer. If at the same time you hang straight curtains of the same material—in, perhaps, a different pattern following the same colour scheme—on either side of your windows, the rejuvenation of the room will be even more effective.

Think it over. But don't think too long for just to-day and tomorrow you have an opportunity



This gown of green watered faille has a fan drapery at the back.

which may not recur of getting your cretonnes at really astonishing value at Whiteaway, Laidlaw's. In order to make room for the new stock, the cretonnes are being offered some of them well below cost price. Wonderful "Liberty" designs are being sold for the price which is generally asked for this "bedroom" material, and there is a selection of washing and reversible cretonnes marked at \$1 per yard.

There will be no need to give your silver forks and spoons a special weekly clean if you add a teaspoonful of borax when washing them in warm soapy water.

Dry them thoroughly on the tea-cloth, and give them a final rubbing with a chamois leather or a special silver polishing duster.

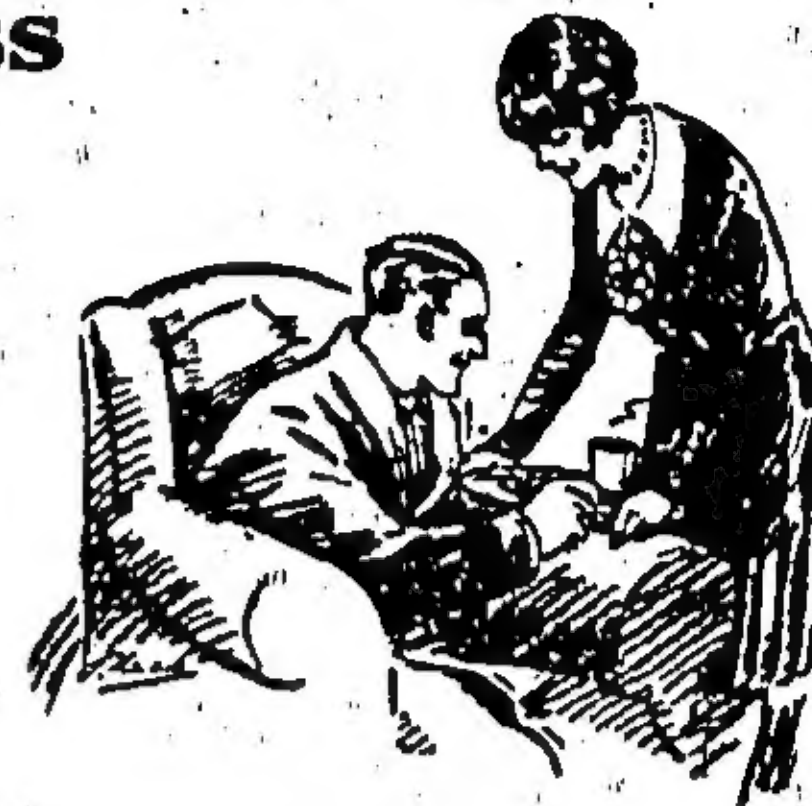
Pewter that is very dirty can be cleaned by soaking it for three or four days in water with a small quantity of potash added. Then it should be rubbed with a clean duster dipped in olive oil mixed with precipitated chalk.

Polish with a dry, soft duster.

## Getting back strength after illness

It is the great restorative value of Bovril which has gained for it the universal approval of doctors and nurses. It stimulates and nourishes without any of the reaction of drugs and harmful stimulants. The good that Bovril does a convalescent is permanent good—so much ground regained on the pathway to health.

Never be without Bovril in the house—not only for emergencies but for daily use as a stimulating and nourishing health-drink.



**IT-MUST-BE  
BOVRIL**

## WHITEAWAYS

### GREAT SUMMER SALE FINAL BARGAINS

IN

**MILLINERY**

**DRESSES**

**HOSIERY**

**RIBBONS**

**LACES**

**HANDKERCHIEFS**

**VOILES**

**MUSLINS**

**LAWNS**

ETC., ETC., ETC.

**SALE CLOSING SATURDAY, 31st.**

**WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.**

## A FORECAST OF AUTUMN MILLINERY.

HATS EXPECTED BY FELIX.

The Felix Hat Shop is expecting some very smart, hats for early autumn wear. I saw sketches of some of them and so can give you an idea of what they will be like.

Wide side turbans, brims in cuff and novel manipulations are noticeable. Draped brims will be much in evidence giving the low face framing line with a becoming width at the sides. There are three silhouette influences which are striving for recognition. The Spanish tendency with a medium brim tilted to show pompadour trimming. The Jeanne d'Arc cap where the brim turns up slightly in front and at the back like the Maid's famous helmet, and the off-the-face, long-at-the-right-side turban. Hand work in the making of the shapes themselves and in the unusual types of insets and trimming is important, but even more so is the clever draping of the brims.

Among the hats expected is a felt turban trimmed with a thick swath of strips of felt held by a braiding on each side. There is a cute turban with long sides with a large flower of the same felt set below the left ear. A black satin felt turban is trimmed with tucks and has a nose veil with a long end with falls over one shoulder. A beige felt has a quaintly looped brim and is very much cut away in front.

If you have had an accident on your dressing table and spilt scent on your ebony toilet fittings, try this way to restore the polish.

Get some spirits of camphor and paint this over the damaged portions. Let it dry in the air, away from any heat. Wipe over with a soft cloth, then polish with the very best furniture polish.

If this treatment is resorted to immediately the perfume is split, no marks or dullness on the ebony will remain.



**Cold 'Ovaltine' is easy to prepare. Add to cold milk or milk and water. Whisk with an egg-whisk or shake in a cocktail shaker. Then you have a creamy, foaming drink—as delicious as it is refreshing. Brimful, too, of energy-giving nourishment to enable you to avoid fatigue and to keep vigorous and healthy.**

[A.F. 37]



## WOMAN'S PAGE.

## STAGING THE SUCCESSFUL SUMMER PICNIC.

People eat picnic meals for two reasons—because they are obliged to and because they like them.

I am not concerned with the former category, those unenterprising, unromantic dyed-in-the-wool spoil sports who, when forced by circumstances, unwillingly gobble a depressing sandwich by the side of the road—no. This article is for the true picnic lovers—those of us who realise that not only is it far nicer to eat out of doors, but you actually get far nicer food to eat!

A woman's attitude towards picnics is a very good test of her age not in years—I know an old lady of eighty who enjoys picnics with the greatest gusto—but in the sense of fun and adventure.

A genuine picnic lover will never grow old in spirit because she—or he—prefers new scenes to old, odd food to ordinary, and, in any case, the sky rather than the too-familiar dining-room ceiling.

## Three Ways of Buying.

There are three ways of getting food for a picnic: you can ring up Lane, Crawford's or your comrade—if you are rich, and lazy, or you can make all the food at home—if you are economical but energetic; or you can do as I do, buy food as I go, because I think unexpectedness is the soul of a good picnic, and besides, you usually get more that way. A frank remark, if greedy.

To stage a successful picnic one must be lavish—even a trifle wasteful. There is nothing quite so depressing to the hungry and expectant guest as the sight of a meagre pile of uninspired confections, whereas the smallest hint of reckless abandon, easily achieved at small cost, will make your reputation as a hostess.

The most successful picnic-manager I know invariably appears to be catering for a regiment, in the teeth of reproachful criticism, but equally invariably it all, or nearly all, gets eaten.

## Those Dull Sandwiches.

As it is an established fact that we all eat about three times as much out of doors as we do at home, why not take the trouble to have nice food?

There are several schools of thought among serious picnic-goers, ranging from the common or garden sandwiches and women—personally I consider sandwiches the last last resort of the dull, the dilatory and the destitute—down to those enthusiastic amateurs, those cartoon queens, whose sole aim is to make a picnic as much like an ordinary meal as possible.

With this end in view they amass all the wretched, stickiest and least portable food obtainable, tins of fruit, seas of salmon mayonnaise, and collapsible, and invariably collapsing, pots of cream—not to mention the piles of plates and stacks of cutlery necessary to consume these provisions.

At the end of a meal such as this the men of the party are exhausted by their pack-horse activities and by the efforts required to bury or burn the remains, and the women's clothes are usually ruined, not to speak of their tempers.

## An Ideal Menu.

One should always provide at least one exciting and unlooked-for surprise in every picnic basket. Vary it, of course, with the taste of the intending consumers. If you really must have sandwiches, do fill them with something more out of the ordinary than those dreary railway-station veterans—ham and tongue!

Only last week I met a really brilliant exception to the sandwich rule, consisting of brown bread-and-butter filled with mashed sardines, chopped hard-boiled eggs, and cucumber, in three separate layers. They tasted extremely good, and were so large and solid that they were practically a meal in themselves.

Every picnic lover has his or her ideal menu—here is mine: Veal and ham pie, hard-boiled eggs, as much salad as possible, a packet of potato crisps, a walnut cake, and a great deal of fruit.

## NURSERIES THE CHILDREN APPRECIATE.



Baby's playing pea fold conveniently into a small space; the bars are made of slim rounded pieces of wood; likewise his first cot-bed which in time replaces the cradle and has a collapsible side which works on a spring, upward and downward.

The combination wardrobe and chest has three drawers in the lower portion, which are wide and run easily; while the top consists of two opening wardrobe doors with shelves inside to store hats.

Baby's high chair has an upholstered back and wings which are washable, and is adjustable to three different positions, with a play-table underneath, and completed by rubber wheels. He has also a detachable tray so designed as to be wide enough to hold a plate; it has a gutter to contain spilt gravy and crumbs, and is adjustable without wedges, which might scratch baby's fingers.

## Nursery Perfection.

The perfect nursery has a large centre table, with rounded corners, painted in a washable enamel, with chairs to match; these have rush seats and crossbar back.

The English nursery, rightly or wrongly, has a reputation to sustain in the world. Have not other countries copied it, thus proclaiming it superior to all others? The essential of the new scheme of furnishing is that it shall be practical. Let there be no sharp corners or angles where baby may knock himself and come to grief. Each article of furniture, whether it be a table, a chair, or a cupboard, must serve several purposes.

Thus, we have a washing table and toy-chest combined, designed to obviate any suggestion of a soapy smell and built to avoid pinching or shutting down on baby's fingers; the smooth surfaced top forming a table, and opening like the lid of a gramophone with the basin contained inside, and a lower drawer, with opening doors, to house toys.

"Several-Purpose" Furniture. Then there is the nurse's changing table to replace the antiquated baby basket. This novelty has also a smooth surfaced lid forming a table when shut; with an interior composed of small partitions built to accommodate baby's lotions, soaps, powder, and other necessities. On each side there is a towel rail, with a shell at the bottom of the table to be used for washing bowls. Later on this same table can be used for the child, as it does not chip, and cleans easily.

The milk table has a glass top and a small drawer for accessories. After serving its time as a milk table it can be used as a bedside table. The cot is so made that it folds up easily, is washable, light and unencumbered with old-fashioned drapery, which excludes the air.

The soiled clothes container is another feature for the bath-room or bedroom. Triangular in shape so as to fit into a corner unobtrusively; it is enamelled and contains disinfectant receptacles in the lid.

Baby's bath is made of rubber, which is warm and soft to bath him in; it has enamelled legs and a nickel wastepipe; unscrews for packing and takes up very little room.

A safety fireguard made in black or steel colour shields the fire in front—and can be placed inside the old-fashioned all-embracing nursery fender—with a round or square top preventing toys being thrown over into the fire!



Black and white satin make this smart afternoon frock.

## COLOUR SECRETS IN SMART DRESSING.

There are several rules that must be followed if you would achieve chic when planning your wardrobe. Although your hat, dress, coat, hose, shoes, purse, and gloves need not be exactly the same colour, you are now faced with the problem of the artistic blending of colour combination.

## Exactly Eight.

Not only must you select each article of your apparel with the shade of every other in mind, but you must have each blend with the other in spirit.

For instance, you cannot wear a dressy afternoon frock with a tailored coat.

It is not so important to have many changes of costume as it is to have the costume exactly right. So that if you cannot afford many frocks and two or more coats, rather spend your money on one perfect costume for each occasion than three or four that do not blend exactly.

For sports and daytime wear, then, buy first of all your coat. If you can find an ensemble that fits perfectly both you and your purse, so much the better.

But these are apt to be expensive, and you will find that, as a rule, you can do better yourself. So I suggest that you buy your coat first.

A skirt of the same material with several well-chosen sweaters—sweaters that either match the tweed or contrast well with the colour—provide several changes.

## For Town Wear.

One or two blouses of matching or investment. Then, if you wish, you may have a frock—or as many as you wish—of plain or printed silk, taking care that the main shade of the pattern matches the coat or its lining.

You see, you have plenty of leeway here. When you buy your

hat, you have two choices. It should either match your coat or your frock. But match it must, as should your shoes. Your hose may be a shade or two lighter, but must match your bag and your gloves.

Jewellery, if you wish to wear some, must be in keeping. The modern sets, so popular now, are always appropriate. Never wear diamonds and platinum with sports wear.

Your afternoon costume may centre around a silk of cloth coat, trimmed with fur, if you wish. As many frocks as you desire, provided they are in the same spirit as the coat, may be bought. If you cannot afford more than one coat, I would advise against a light or brightly coloured one.

## A Wise Choice.

Black or dark blue is always a wise choice, for you can wear almost any colour with these. If you buy beige or grey, your frocks and accessories must match, and your task of creating the correct ensemble is increasingly difficult.

Bear in mind, then, that your hat must, as in the case of the sports ensemble, match your coat or your frock; your shoes, your hat; and your hose, your gloves and your purse—with accessories in keeping—and you will have achieved your purpose.

Evening wear is simpler. It is nice to have your wrap match your evening gown in colour and fabric, but this is not always necessary. Concentrate on the accessories, for accessories can make or mar the evening costume. Spend as much time as you can afford, and much thought, and bear in mind these simple rules, and you will find that—alike though your wardrobe be—you are always correctly, smartly and becomingly attired.

## SNAPSHOTS OF A SMALL BOY HELPING HIMSELF TO JAM.

By GLYNIS WILLIAMS

GLYNIS WILLIAMS



HELPS HIMSELF TO JAM.



HAS JUST LOADED UP HEAVING SPOONFUL WHEN MOTHER CRIES "LOOK OUT, IT'S GOING TO SPILL"



HOLDING SPOON MIDWAY BETWEEN PLATE AND JAR ASKS "WHAT DID SHE SAY?"



MOTHER SHOUTS "IT'S DRIPPING!" EXAMINES TABLE-CLOTH AND SAYS HE CAN'T SEE WHERE IT'S DRIPPED



MOTHER JOINED BY REST OF FAMILY, RAISES AGONIZED CRY OF "NO, THE SPOON. QUICK, IT'S GOING TO DRIP!"



EXAMINES SPOON AND SAYS "OH"



GETS COMPLETELY RATTLED BY FAMILY SHOUTS OF "PUT IT DOWN! HOLD IT OVER YOUR PLATE." "PUT IT BACK IN THE JAR," ETC.



GETS JAM TO PLATE AT LAST, BY SOME MIRACLE WITHOUT DRIPPING



CONTENTEDLY MUNCHES BREAD AND JAM WHILE FAMILY SIGHS WITH RELIEF

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5-5

## SWIMMING THE CHANNEL.

(Continued from Page 1.)

## Dover to Gris Nez.

SMITH, Olive and Myrtle, thirteen-year-old London twin sisters who are being trained by a well-known British swimming expert, Walter Bridgett, for their first attempt and possibly a race across the Channel against the American Zitenfeld twins.

SULLIVAN, Henry, whose "home town" is Lowell, Massachusetts, is one of only three who have accomplished the journey from England to France. He swam from Dover to Cape Gris Nez, September 5-6, 1923, being first person to swim Channel after the War, landing on French coast after a courageous effort lasting 27 hours 23 minutes, during which time he travelled about 45 miles.

SPEARS, Miss Beatrice, is a young swimmer of Deal who intends making her first attempt this year. TEMME, Edward H., twenty-four-year-old London insurance clerk and only successful Channel swimmer to retain his amateur status. Did the crossing in 14 hours 28 minutes on August 5, 1927, from Cape Gris Nez to Lydden Spout, two miles west of Dover. Was a member of the British water polo team at the Olympic Games at Amsterdam, 1928.

TIRABOSCHI, Sebastian, is a powerful Argentinian swimmer whose home town is Buenos Aires. He was the first to swim the easier course from France to England. Doing the trip from Cape Gris Nez to Dover beach August 11-12, 1923, covering about 27 miles in 16 hours 23 minutes.

## German's Sensation.

TORN, Charles, of Boston, Massachusetts was the second man to accomplish the France to England swim, following the same course taken by Tiraboschi. He covered about 26 miles from Cape Gris Nez to Dover beach in 16 hours 34 minutes, September 8-9, 1923.

VIERKOTTER, Ernest, Baker of Cologne, Germany, who created a sensation August 30, 1920, when he crossed from Cape Gris Nez to the beach just outside Dover, in 19 hours 43 minutes, lowering the previous record, held by Gertrude Ederle, by nearly two hours. Has only one eye. He also won the Canadian National \$50,000 Marathon across Lake Toronto in 1927.

WEBB, Late Captain Matthew, was native of Eastbourne, England, and first man to swim the Channel and one of only three persons to swim from England to France. He crossed from Dover Sands to Sanzette beach, 8 miles north-west of Gris Nez, August 24-25, 1976, taking 22 hours 45 minutes and travelling about 39 miles. Webb was later killed while trying to swim across the Niagara Rapids.

WOLFE, Jabez, a Britisher who has made 21 unsuccessful attempts to swim the Channel but has now given up trying and has turned his attention to training swimmers. He is at present training Hilda Sharp and Connie Gilhead for their attempt to beat Gertrude Ederle's record time for women.

ZITENFELD, Berenice and Phyllis, fifteen-year-old American twin sisters who intend to swim across the Channel together, and may possibly race across against the Smith twins of London. They attempted the crossing in 1927, but only got half way across. On July 29, 1928, they swam together from Dover to Ramsgate, a distance of twenty miles, in 6 hours 55 minutes, a good performance for such youngsters.

## HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

"Can you tell me what the correct skirt length is this season?"  
"It's still over two feet."

Ruby (aged six): "Mummy, isn't it ladies first always?"  
Mother: "Yes, dear."  
Freddie: "Then why wasn't I born before?"

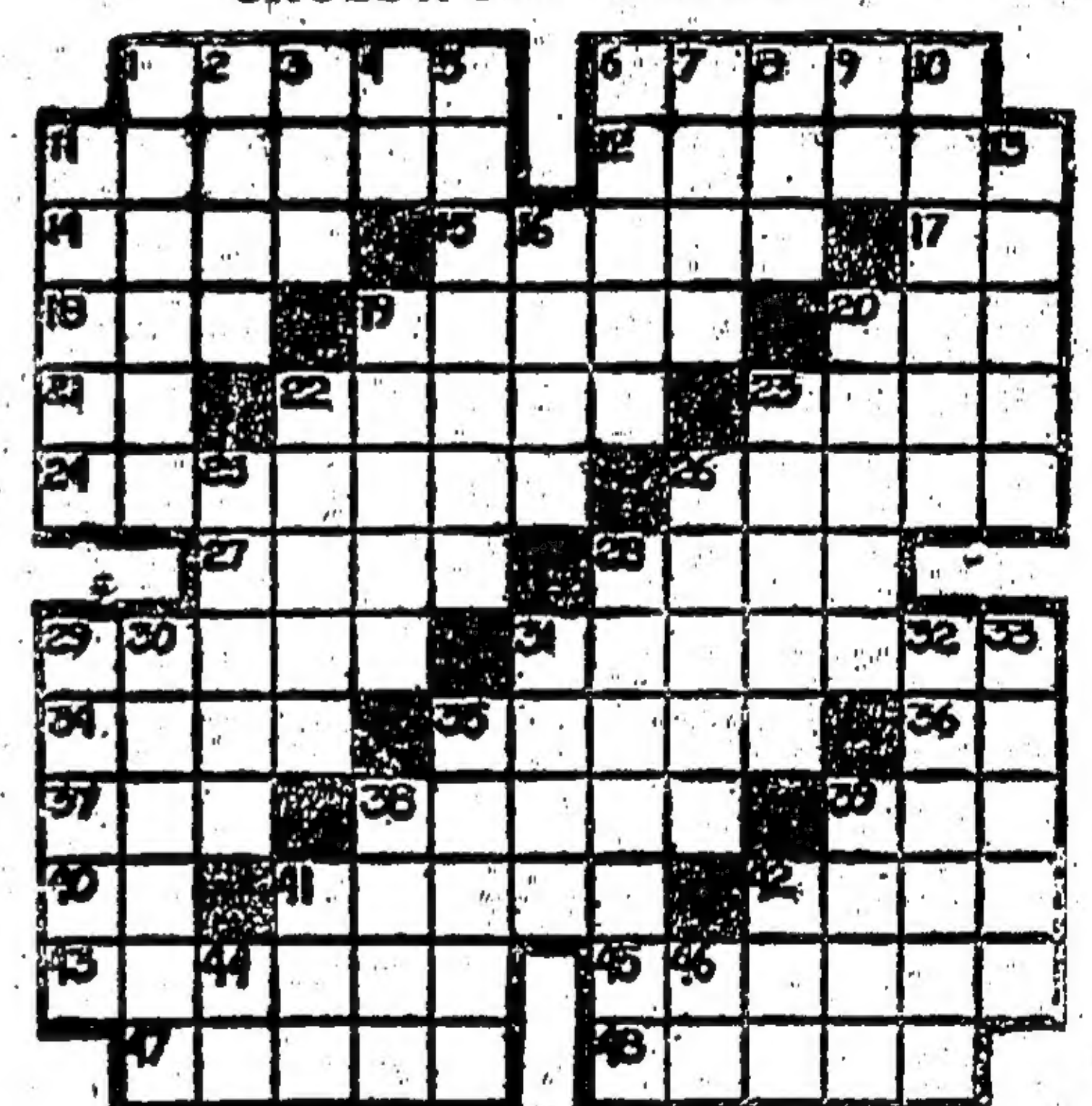
Hotel Clerk (writing a form): "Name, please?"  
Guest: "Thammas MacTavish MacHaggis."  
"Nationality?"

"Don't you think Arthur has marvellous eyes?"  
"I suppose so, but it was his mouth that impressed me most."

Client: "Why is your employer always blowing you up?"  
Typist: "Well, he's a Scot, and that's his way of giving me a rise."

"The best way to get the most out of life is to fall in love with a great problem or a beautiful woman."  
"Why not choose the latter and get both?"

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



## Horizontal.

- 1.—Longed.
- 6.—To terrify.
- 11.—Godlike.
- 12.—More pleased with self.
- 14.—Spoken.
- 15.—Meagre in quantity.
- 17.—To leave.
- 18.—Human.
- 19.—Plant-louse.
- 20.—Edge.
- 21.—French for and.
- 22.—A gastropod.
- 23.—Circular band.
- 24.—Devilish.
- 26.—Fechle groans.
- 27.—Wing-shaped.
- 28.—To go by.
- 29.—Part of flower.
- 31.—Easily broken.
- 34.—To state.
- 35.—In grammar, names.
- 36.—Upon.
- 37.—To free.
- 38.—Balance.
- 39.—Seed container.
- 40.—Within.
- 41.—Dips out.
- 42.—Low in morals.
- 43.—Hurries.
- 45.—Hardened.
- 47.—To rub out.
- 48.—More coquettish.

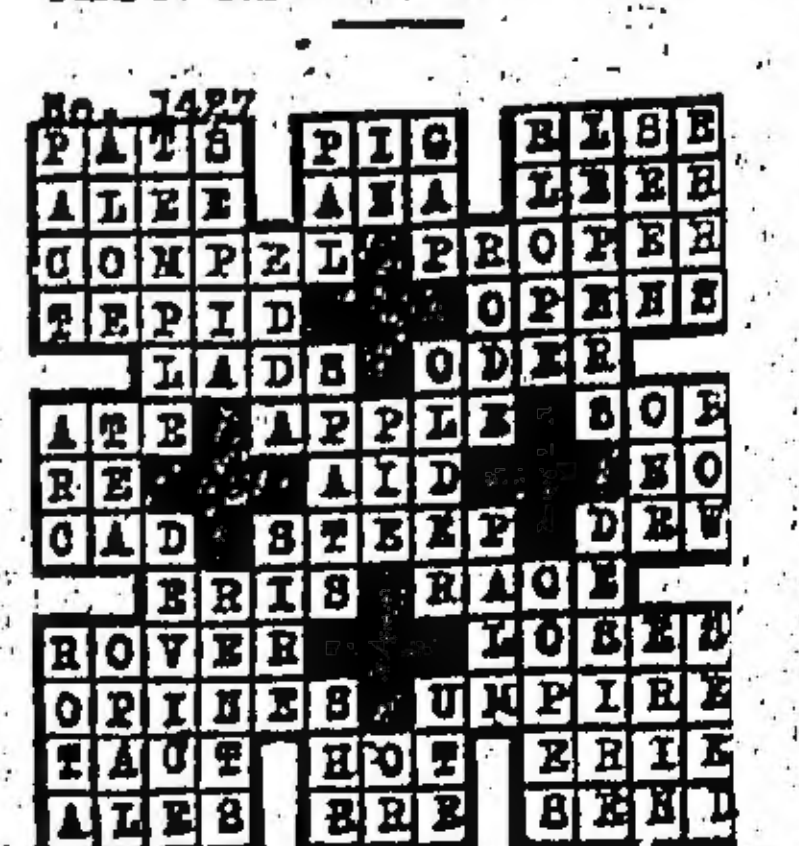
## Vertical.

- 1.—Sea robber.
- 2.—Who was surnamed "the Terrible?"
- 3.—Nothing.
- 4.—Type unit.
- 5.—Despondency.
- 6.—To be of use.
- 7.—Shallow kitchen vessels.
- 8.—Hole.
- 9.—Article.
- 10.—Roman military unit.
- 11.—Having rounded roof.

- 13.—Plays boisterously.
- 16.—Stylish.
- 19.—Record.
- 20.—To cook.
- 22.—Pertaining to the sun.
- 23.—Entertainers.
- 25.—Joined.
- 28.—Water pipes.
- 29.—Poisonous acid.
- 30.—City of Europe.
- 32.—To show plainly.
- 31.—To cook in water.
- 33.—Not so tight.
- 35.—Finished.
- 36.—Racket.
- 38.—Strokes.
- 39.—To peel.
- 41.—Neck piece.
- 42.—To purchase.
- 44.—Correlative of either.
- 46.—Negative.

This puzzle took 19 minutes to solve. See how long it will take you to solve it.

## YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.



## FREE Your System of Intestinal Poisons



ENO'S

Indigestion, headache, heaviness, constipation, sleeplessness—the root cause of them all is intestinal sluggishness. Each is a warning that Nature needs help. There's no better, safer, pleasanter way of giving this help than the sparkling glass of Eno's "Fruit Salt"—first thing every morning.

Eno flushes and cleanses the entire digestive tract ridding the system of the poisons which otherwise find their way into the blood stream. Prevent this condition and you will always feel fresh, fit and vigorous, in spite of the wear and tear of modern life.

**ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"**  
The World-Famed Effervescent Saline

FOR SALE IN TWO SIZES AT ALL CHEMISTS AND COMRADE SHOPS

General Sales Agents:  
HAROLD F. RITCHIE & CO., Inc.  
Princes Building, Hongkong

Prepared only by  
J. C. ENO, LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND

The words "Fruit Salt" and "Eno" and the label on the package are the registered trade mark of J. C. Eno, Ltd., London, England.





BEST ENGLISH MAKE

## RITZ SOFT FELT HATS

Time and experience have proved "Ritz" style and quality.

We are now showing the newest shapes in useful shades of grey and fawn for present wear.

*Mackintosh's*

## BLAKE PIER/UNIVERSITY BUS SERVICE

On and after the 1st SEPTEMBER, 1929, the above Bus Service will be extended making a Circular Route as follows:—

BLAKE PIER, GARDEN ROAD, CAINE ROAD, BONHAM ROAD, UNIVERSITY, PORTULUM ROAD, SAIYING-PUN, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, PEDDER STREET, BLAKE PIER; and vice versa.

## Route No. 3

The First Bus via GARDEN ROAD will leave BLAKE PIER at 7.45 A.M. and Every 10 Minutes thereafter until 11.25 P.M.

## Route No. 4

The First Bus via PEDDER STREET and QUEEN'S ROAD will leave BLAKE PIER at 7.50 A.M. and Every 10 Minutes thereafter until 11.30 P.M.

The First Bus will leave UNIVERSITY at 8.00 A.M. and Every 5 Minutes thereafter until 11.45 P.M.

Fares to and from University ... 10 Cts. Each Way.  
Children between 3 and 12 Years. 5 Cts. Each Way.

Monthly Tickets at \$10.00 per month can be obtained from the OFFICE and SHOWROOM, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

**HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE**  
(THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.)

**WHITEAWAYS**  
**LAST 2 DAYS**  
OF  
**OUR**  
**GREAT SUMMER**  
**SALE**  
**DO NOT MISS THE**  
**FINAL BARGAINS**  
**WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.**  
HONG KONG.

## "MEET--THE 'DUKE'"

HONG KONG HOTEL'S  
INNOVATION.

"The Duke" was on public view yesterday. Quite a crowd of sight-seers gathered around "The Duke" in the vicinity of Blake Pier.

"The Duke," be it known, is the latest product of the Vulcan Motor Company and is a 20-seater observation saloon 'bus just arrived here from England for service on the University Route, on which the fare for the whole journey is to be reduced to ten cents.

The chassis has been specially sprung and designed for overseas work and, when fully loaded, is 21 inches from the ground. Special brakes and patent linings have been fitted and, as demonstrated to a Daily Press representative yesterday, the 'bus, when carrying a load of 20 passengers, travelling at a good speed, can pull up within six feet when the foot brake only is applied, within eight feet when the hand-brake is applied, and within one yard when both brakes are fully applied.

The engine develops 24.8 H.P. and 49 Brake H.P., and is thus admirably suited to the work demanded of it on the hilliest roads in the Colony.

Before being despatched to Hong Kong, as a matter of fact, the chassis was given a 1,000-mile test among the Westmoreland Hills culminating with Kirkstall Pass which has a gradient of 1 in 4. The steepest gradient on the Island, likely to be encountered by the 'bus, is in Garden Road where, at one point, there is gradient of 1 in 6.

## Glass Panels Tested.

It was ably demonstrated, also, that "The Duke" could negotiate this on second gear with ample reserve power.

Among those present at yesterday's trial were Mr. R. R. Cooper, F.B.I.O.A., Mr. T. R. Parsons, Mr. E. P. White, Mr. G. Greenwood, Mr. Ngan Shing Kwan, Mr. Wong Po Chi, Mr. Chung Siu Say, Mr. Chang Chin, Mr. Julian, Mr. Chang Fuk, Mr. Saunders (of the Police Dept.), and Mr. L. S. Leveson.

Mr. Cooper reported most satisfactorily upon the toning influence of the glass panes in the windows when the sun glare was at its height.

In all, the new Vulcan 'bus should prove highly popular with residents.

## "DREAM OF LOVE."

LOVE AND THE TELEPHONE

A QUICK MOVING ROMANCE.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

You will enjoy "Dream of Love," which is now showing at the Queen's, if you like "Ruritanian" romances. It is full of incident and excitement and is well staged throughout.

The story is not unfamiliar but is none the worse for that. The Crown Prince, Mauritz, of Ruritania—falls in love with a beautiful gipsy girl, and too late realises that his duty to his country precludes him from performing his duty to her. After the great war we meet Mauritz again as an officer in the army of his country, now ruled over by a dictator, Adrienne, the gipsy, now become a famous actress plays at the theatre, and Mauritz, now free to declare his love finds happiness for a short while. But there is another lady, a countess, who also finds the young prince interesting and is intriguing with him to restore him to the throne. When she discovers his affair with the actress she betrays the plot to the dictator and Mauritz is condemned to be shot. By a swift change of fortune's wheel, the revolution planned by Mauritz and the Countess comes spontaneously just in time to save the hero, but, instead of dying with his lover's name on his lips, the young prince has now to live without her as he is once more "royalty" who cannot marry "the stage." A solution which is not hard to guess, but which is refreshingly original for the films, is arrived at.

Nils Asther plays the Prince. It is not a part which demands much beyond an ability to wear smart uniforms and look generally romantic, but he makes the best of it. The central figure is really Adrienne the dancer, who in the person of Joan Crawford, becomes a most attractive figure. Aileen Fringle has the role of the Countess, and—quite very ugly—freaks. Carmel Meyers appears once or twice as the "friend" of the dictator and looks most alluring. The dictator himself, the villain of the piece, is played with the deepest villainy by Warner Oland.

The settings are as magnificent as we have learnt to expect them to be in this type of picture, and in places artistic in arrangement. What a lot of trouble the telephone does cause in modern life, and how convenient it is in the making of a play!

## ROUND THE COURTS.

PISTOL AND CARTRIDGES:  
OWNER FINED \$200.

Arrested on the Tung On Wharf on Wednesday, a Chinese, who arrived in the Colony by the Korea Maru and was about to leave by one of the river steamers, was brought before Mr. E. W. Hamilton yesterday on a charge of possession of two short revolvers, one Mauser pistol and 37 rounds of ammunition.

The police originally arrested two men, but the older of the two defendants admitted all responsibility and told His Worship that the younger man was his son. The two, it would appear, had plenty of funds at their disposal and had no difficulty in finding bail of \$700 fixed by the Police on Wednesday.

The elder defendant was fined \$200, the police withdrawing the case against the younger man. The arms and ammunition were confiscated.

## A YOUTHFUL OPIUM CARRIER.

Observing a Chinese youth getting out of a ricksha with a suspicious looking rattan bag, a Police officer stopped him and a search resulted in the discovery of a quantity of opium.

Produced before Mr. Hamilton yesterday the youth pleaded guilty to a charge of possession of the drug and added that he was only 16 years of age. His Worship observed that the defendant looked more like 18. If he were to sent the boy to prison it would be for a year. In view however, of the practice of smugglers of engaging youthful carriers, His Worship intimated that he would think over the question. The youth was remanded until Saturday morning.

## THEFTS FROM SERVANTS' QUARTERS.

Two Chinese youths were before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at Kowloon Magistrate for stealing two blankets, a clock, a wrist watch, two metal pipes, two jackets and two pairs of trousers from the servants' quarters at 313, Nathan Road. Both defendants pleaded guilty.

Inspector Marks said that the defendants were seen in the street carrying part of the stolen property. One was arrested but the other escaped. Later the other man was caught and subsequently the stolen property was recovered.

Both defendants had been cautioned a fortnight ago for stealing and His Worship after remarking that leniency had not been appreciated, sentenced each to receive twelve strokes of the cane and one month's imprisonment.

## HIT WITH A CHOPPER.

A Chinese was charged before Mr. Whyte Smith with assaulting another with a chopper and causing a superficial wound on his shoulder.

His Worship imposed a fine of \$10 or 14 days' hard labour and remarked that he did not regard fighting with sticks as serious but when a man used a chopper it was an entirely different matter.

## TREMENDOUS FIGHT IN GAMBLING DEN.

A crowd of twenty-seven Chinese were before Mr. Whyte Smith for gambling at 114, Canton Road. One of the defendants gave his address as No. 9, The Peak, while a second said he was a "boy" at the Peninsula Hotel. The chief defendant was fined \$60 or 5 weeks, while fines of \$2 were imposed on each of the other defendants.

Detective Sergeant Humphreys told His Worship that there had been a "tremendous fight" in which some of the Chinese detectives were injured. Over 100 people were on the premises and the fight might easily have developed into a very serious affair.

Some of the defendants claimed that they had gone into the premises to inspect some pictures which were on display in observance of the Chaochow festival.

## MEDICINE VENDORS DISAGREE.

Two Chinese, described as medicine vendors, were before Mr. Whyte Smith for disorderly conduct.

It was stated that the defendants sold medicine on the Yaumati Ferries, and one objected to the interference of the other who established his business on the same boat. They created a disturbance and were told to stop but refused.

His Worship said that the first defendant should have taken his grievance to the Company for settlement and not struck the second defendant.

His Worship fined the first defendant \$3 and ordered both to sign bonds for their future good behaviour.

## WIDOW'S DISPUTED WILL.

EVIDENCE ON CHINESE  
LAW CITED.

## PLAINTIFFS WIN THE CASE.

The action in which two plaintiffs, Ching Tin Tau (second son-in-law) and Cheung Shiu Fan (second son) are seeking to establish the validity of a will made by a Chinese widow was continued before the Chief Justice (Sir Henry Gollan) at the Supreme Court and concluded at the morning sitting. The defendant, Cheung Shiu Ying, the eldest son (adopted) disputed the legality of the will and contended that the testatrix was physically and mentally unable to understand the effect of the will when it was signed.

Mr. H. G. Sheldon (instructed by Mr. T. G. Bennett, of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes & Master) appeared for the plaintiffs and the defendant was not legally represented.

Mrs. Ching, a daughter of the testatrix, gave evidence of the will being taken out of the safe, the key to which was kept under the old lady's pillow, and the signing of the document during which Dr. Cheung held the testatrix's hand.

Defendant: Do you agree that when the solicitor arrived and opened the safe I was not allowed to go near it? I did not notice that, but perhaps the solicitor can explain.

Was there any money under the pillow as well as the key?—I do not know.

Defendant asked how much money was spent on the funeral but the Judge said the Court could not go into that.

## Dr. Tso on Chinese Law.

The Hon. Dr. S. W. Tso, called as an expert in Chinese law, said that there is no law requiring certain forms of execution of a will. The word "will" in the Chinese sense did not have the same legal meaning as in the English sense. The Chinese terms were *chuk shu*. *Chuk* meant the intention of a person to express wishes by word of mouth, particularly with reference to the disposition of property after death. Reducing to handwriting was the meaning given to *shu* by Dr. Tso.

There was a law in China with regard to the distribution of property which definitely set out that the head of the family had power to dispose of property as he thought best. There was no law setting out the form of a will and therefore any writing which purported to show the intention of a person would be held as a valid will, if the document was proved to express the sentiments and wishes of a person. In that event, the document might be signed by the testator, or by someone acting for him, or it need not bear testator's signature at all.

Recalling the facts given in evidence as to the manner in which the will was prepared and signed, Mr. Sheldon asked witness if that evidence were accepted by a Chinese Court, would the will be considered valid?

Witness agreed and went on to say that even if certain portions of the evidence were omitted the remainder would still be sufficient to stamp it as a valid will according to Chinese law.

## Defendant's Submissions.

Questioned by defendant, Dr. Tso said that he (defendant) as the oldest adopted son was not the head of the family while testatrix was alive.

Defendant suggested that in China a woman was submissive to her father before marriage, to her husband after marriage and to her sons in old age.

Replying to this, witness said the word *chung* did not mean "submissive" but "go with" or "live with."

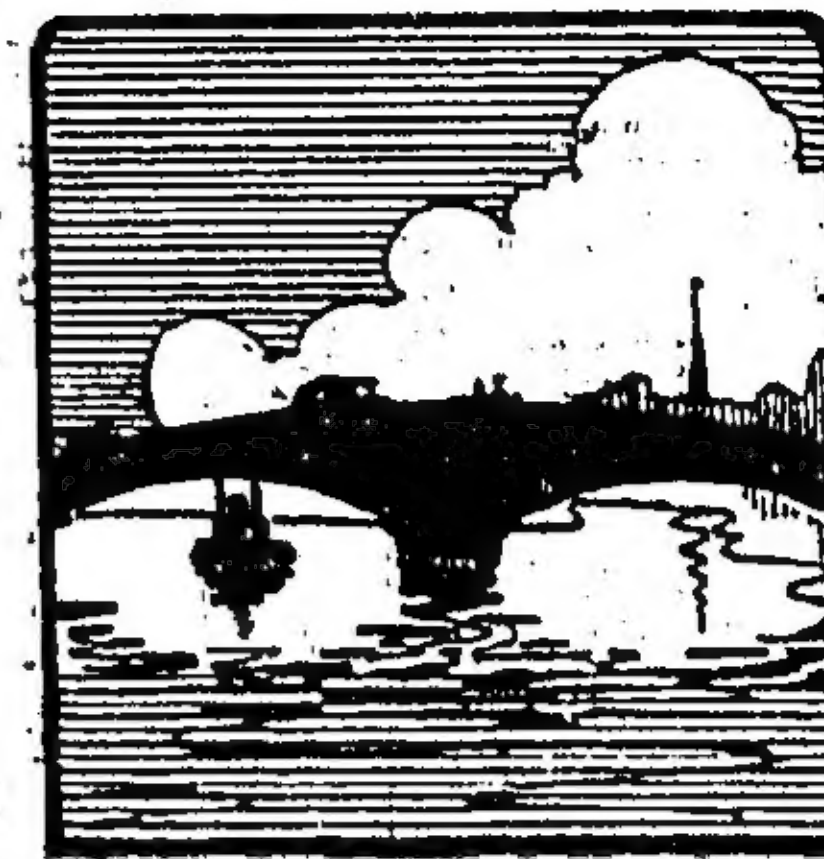
His Lordship remarked that such a sentiment was contrary to human nature.

Defendant contended that a widow had no right to dispose of property left by a man, and such property must be left to the sons to deal with.

His Lordship gave judgment for the plaintiffs and directed that the costs be met from the deceased lady's estate.

## "ADVICE FOR INVESTORS."

READERS are reminded that inquiries relating to the share market are answered on page 9 every Tuesday by "Kufan." Letters should be sent to this office, and must be accompanied by writer's name and address, not for publication. Letters should be addressed to "Kufan," care of this Editor.

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COMMENCING AT 9 P.M.

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Somerset Light Infantry (P.A.)

"THE BUZZERS" FOLLIES

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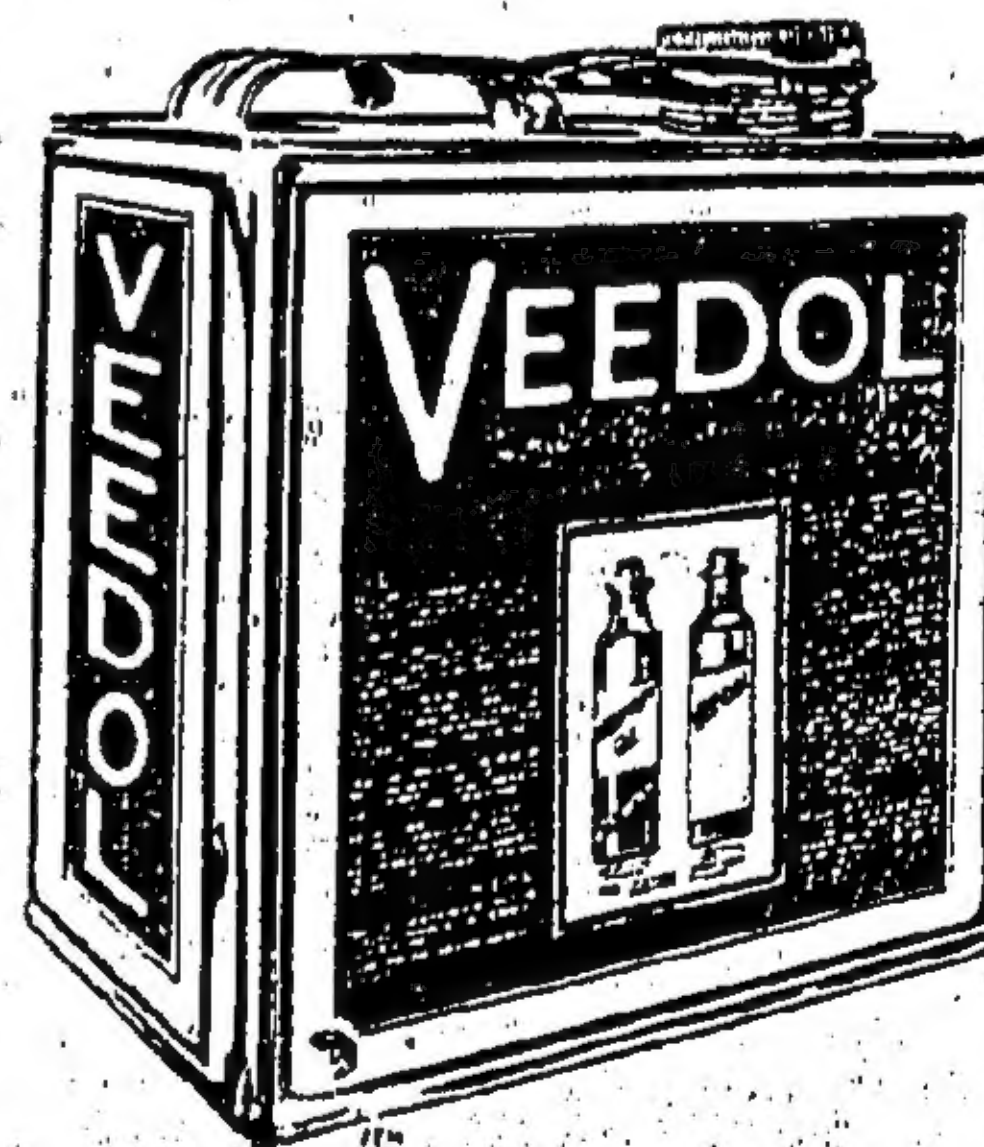
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(8294)

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(A.P.A.)



CANTON ARMY TO  
BE REVIEWED.IMPRESSIVE FUNCTION  
ARRANGED.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, August 29.  
The military conference now in session under the chairmanship of General Chen Tai Tong has decided that the provincial army shall consist of five divisions to be officially known as the 50th to the 54th, inclusive, of the Chinese National Army. The proposed independent brigade will be deleted from the programme. The officers selected as Divisional Commanders are Generals Yu Hon Mou, Tsai Ting Kai, Chiang Kwong Nai, Huang Hon Ping and Li King Yang. A grand review will be held on Sunday (September 1) when these officers will be formally inaugurated in their commands. In view of public interest in the Sino-Russian crisis a big crowd will watch with interest this parade of the provincial army, who, it is confidently said, will make a very impressive showing.

THE HOME FOR STURDY  
BEGGARS.

It will be remembered that last October the Canton Government founded an "Asylum for the Poor and Destitute." Beggars and a number of unemployed were rounded up and brought to the institution where they were housed, fed and taught a trade. Most of the beggars, especially the more diseased and pathetic looking, said they did much better outside and in any case they preferred their freedom. Insisting upon their rights they withdrew. But a number remained. It cannot be said that this well-meaning scheme has been an unqualified success and at first, not only indigent beggars but sturdy young fellows of the work-shy fraternity rolled up in large numbers and had eventually to be excluded. The method was to put them to work on the roads. The Government have now decided that the inmates should be able to keep themselves and have warned the Director, Mr. Won Won Ting, that after September no further grant would be made. Mr. Wong, has, however, canvassed the Chambers of Commerce, and the merchants, having agreed that the institution is the best place for its inmates, have promised to subscribe the money necessary to keep it going. The Municipality will collect these subscriptions, so a number of Canton's deserving and unassuming poor will continue safely out of mischief to the great relief of police and public.

## THE CENTRAL BANK.

The Central Bank of China has decided to grant silver exchange at par on notes of \$50 and \$100 denominations. Up to the present these notes have been accepted in payment of revenue but silver has only been given on notes of \$1 and \$10 denominations. The concession is not of great practical importance as very few of these notes have been issued, but it will still further restore public confidence in the Bank. Another Government edict is to the effect that all taxes and duties must be paid in Central Bank notes.

(Continued on next Column.)

INDIAN CONSTABLE  
MURDER CHARGE.

## ACCUSED'S STATEMENTS.

## COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

Lam Ling, the Chinese who is charged with the murder of an Indian constable on an unoccupied piece of ground near Kung Chung Market, Yaumati on July 10, was committed to stand his trial at the next Criminal Sessions by Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith at Kowloon Magistrate's Court yesterday.

Mr. Somerset Fitzroy, Assistant Attorney-General, prosecuted; the defendant not being legally represented.

Dr. D. J. Valentine, said that he examined the prisoner's injuries on the left side of the head and abrasions on his face. There were also four wounds on his hands and forearms. The wounds on the hands might have been inflicted by the two choppers found near the body of the Indian constable. Referring to the injuries on the head, witness could give no theory of their origin.

Detective Inspector C. Fallon described the position of the body when he was summoned to the spot. He also identified the articles found on the spot. It was stated that the two choppers found there were sent to the Bacteriological Institute which returned a report stating that the blood stains on the choppers were mammalian blood stains but not human blood stains. The two choppers were wet when picked up by the police.

## The Fight.

The Chinese interpreter at the Yaumati Police Station, Mr. Leung Shiu Sheng, gave evidence of the questions put to the accused at the Station. Before accused was actually charged five questions were put to him by Chief Detective Inspector Reynolds (through witness) regarding his whereabouts at the time of the murder. The last question was "How did prisoner explain the cuts on his person?" Defendant replied that the Indian constable had sent him to buy 30 cents worth of wine. When he returned he accused the constable of having raped his wife in his absence. The Indian constable drew his truncheon and hit him, but he (accused) wrestled it away and struck back. The constable pulled out his revolver but defendant also snatched it away. The Indian then picked up a chopper and hit accused three times, before he managed to wrench it away and hit back. It was then near midnight and he went away. He did not know if the Indian was dead or alive when he left him. He called his wife and they walked to Shum Shui Po and from there to Shum Chun to get a train for Canton.

Accused in answer to the actual charge replied that he did not know anything about it.

The case for the prosecution having closed, his Worship committed prisoner for trial at the next Criminal Sessions at the Supreme Court.

## REDS STILL ACTIVE.

The police raided a workshop in Tai Chungyong, one of the southern suburbs of Canton. Unfortunately the alarm was given and all but three of the people inside bolted through the back door and made themselves scarce. The raid showed that the Communists are still working in their persistent, underground manner, for a large quantity of Bolshevik propaganda was discovered. The three men who failed to get away are under close arrest.

TREACHEROUS  
UNCLE SENTENCED.STOLE NEPHEW'S WIFE  
AND CHILDREN.

## BOY AND GIRL SOLD.

A sordid story, which included the sale of two children to strangers, was brought to light yesterday when a Chinese was charged with kidnapping a woman and her children and with selling one of the children.

It appears that the defendant had kidnapped his nephew's wife, had co-habited with her and had sold her eldest daughter in Canton. He had also sold one of the children—a boy—in Hong Kong.

From the story told to the Court by Detective Inspector Shannon, the woman was the *4th* fat wife of a man who for business reasons lived away from his own village. He took his family with him to the market town of Chan Chuen where they had no friends except the defendant, who was the man's uncle.

In February last, it became necessary for the husband to go to Kowloon. Upon his return to Chan Chuen he found that his wife and family had disappeared and his uncle was also missing. Thinking he would find them all in his native village, the husband hurried back, only to learn that they had never been there. He pursued his search to Canton, but with no luck and it was not until early this month that he received definite information of their presence in Hong Kong.

A younger brother of the anxious husband, gave him information which enabled him to trace his family and the uncle to a house in Kwong Hon Terrace. The husband met his uncle in the street and they went to a tea-house to talk things over. What transpired was not very clear, but the uncle denied having taken away the woman and the children.

The woman, according to the police, had stated that she had been forced to go with the uncle to Chan Chuen village. While the husband was away at Kowloon, the defendant told her that her husband had directed him to take the family to Kowloon to see the Dragon Boat races. She consented to go, but instead of being taken to Kowloon she was taken to Honam, near Canton, where she stayed with him until July. They then moved to Hong Kong and lived together in Kwong Hon Terrace until the defendant's arrest.

"An Ignorant Country Woman." She told the police that she was an ignorant country woman and did not know of any one to whom she could make a complaint. She had made a report to the principal tenant of her flat, but the latter had absconded and the police could not trace her.

"Prior to his arrest, the defendant had arranged to sell the boy, the woman's only son, to a woman named Chan Yee and the 'adoption' documents were drawn up. The Police were of the opinion that as far as the purchaser was concerned she had believed the sale to be bona fide as the man and the woman had given the impression that they were the child's parents.

Upon his Worship expressing a doubt about the first charge (kidnapping the woman), Inspector Shannon replied that the woman had admitted that she had co-habited with the defendant in Honam and at Kwong Hon Terrace.

The husband denied that the woman had any right to take the children away. The Public Prosecutor had been consulted and advised the inclusion of a charge of kidnapping.

In regard to the girl sold in Canton, the husband did not care now what happened to the woman, but he did not want her sent to gaol which would deprive him of the only chance of getting information likely to help him to recover his daughter.

Upon his Worship inquiring how the woman allowed herself to be led astray, Inspector Shannon observed that there was a marked difference in the appearance of the two men and that difference was not in the husband's favour.

The Husband's Evidence. Giving evidence, the husband stated that he had married the woman as a *4th* fat wife and that there were three children by the marriage. He then described his long search for his family, ending with his meeting the defendant in Hong Kong.

Defendant alleged that he knew the woman was complainant's concubine. He knew nothing of the whereabouts of the woman and children now. When confronted with the woman and two of her children he observed that the most the Court could do was to send him to gaol.

The woman, in the witness-box, stated that she had received regularly remittances from her husband. Asked why she should have left her husband, she replied, pointing to the defendant: "He used medicine to stupefy me."

This statement created some laughter amongst a large crowd at (Continued on next Column.)

## WATER COMMISSION'S TASK ENDED.

## GOVERNMENT THANKS PUBLIC-SPIRITED GENTLEMEN.

## PRESENT STORAGE CAPACITIES AND CONSUMPTION.

SMALL TOTAL COST OF THE P.W.D.  
UNDERTAKINGS.

Yesterday saw the final meeting in the Council Chamber of the Water Emergency Commission when the Government officially tendered its thanks to the many public-spirited gentlemen who had rendered invaluable assistance during the crisis created by the recent water famine.

It may surprise many readers to hear that the total sum expended by the Water Control Office, including the construction of special tanks on the Praya, the hire of special craft, etc., amounted to only \$182,147.

SOME LESSONS LEARNED BY THE  
AUTHORITIES.

Declaring the meeting open, Mr. R. Sutherland said he had nothing to add to the report which would be read by the Controller.

Mr. S. T. Williamson announced that, owing to the change in the position of the Colony's Water Supply, on July 31 it was decided to stop the importation of water into Hong Kong and to re-deliver to the owners all water craft that were engaged to transport supplies from other ports. As the improvement continued from day to day, it was also found possible to close the Water Control Office from August 17.

## "Cherub" and "Fu Kwang."

No less than 55,364 tons, or 14,647,776 gallons, represented the amount of water handled by the Control Office during the crisis. In addition, a great deal of services had been gained from the experience rendered by H.M. tug Cherub and the Fu Kwang as to the suitability of other sources of fresh water supply outside the Colony.

It was found, for instance, that it was possible to draw fresh water from the West River within 60 miles of the Colony and that ships of about 5,000 tons deadweight could be employed on that service.

Arrangements were also definitely made to proceed with the Tytan scheme on July 11 and work in connection with the scheme would continue until it was completed.

## Cost of the Drought.

The total sum expended by the Water Control Office during the period of the drought amounted to \$182,147.85, this amount covering the cost of constructing the tanks on the Praya, the cost of water imported into the Colony, the hire of the tanker Fu Kwang, etc.

In conjunction with other and more personal duties, the Water Control Organisation held bi-weekly meetings in Mr. E. W. Carpenter's Office in the P.W.D. Building.

the back of the Court and his Worship threatened to clear them out if they did not behave themselves.

## A Silent Defendant.

After his Worship had gone over the evidence, the defendant admitted that all the facts alleged against him were correct.

"What have you got to say?" asked his Worship.

"I'll leave the matter entirely in your Worship's hands," replied the defendant.

His Worship: You must be convicted on both charges. I am inclined to believe that the woman is as much to blame as you are. However, that doesn't excuse you. You have taken the woman from her husband and completed with sale of his son in connection with this woman, saying that his son was yours. Moreover, you also seduced his wife. Whether or not that is the real situation I don't know, but it is against the law.

Turning to Inspector Shannon, his Worship asked: Has the defendant given any assistance to the police in finding the child in Canton?

Inspector Shannon: No, your Worship. He has given no assistance to the police.

## The Sentence.

His Worship (to defendant): You will go to prison for six months with hard labour on the first charge and will be fined \$100 with the alternative of three months with hard labour on the second. The sentences will run consecutively.

With regard to the purchase money, his Worship said to the woman who bought the boy: I'll make an order for the return of the \$210 recovered from the defendant and also the \$22 recovered from the "go-between." That will make the total sum \$232. Where the rest of the money has gone to, I don't know. You ought to be glad that you can get back so much. I am satisfied that you are not in any way to blame in this case. You have acted quite correctly in the matter. You now leave the Court with no suggestion of being in any way to blame.

PIRATE'S DEATH IN  
PRISON.SUCCEEDED TO TUBER-  
CULOSIS.

An inquest was held yesterday at Central Magistracy into the death of a prisoner aged 33, who died in the prison hospital on Wednesday.

Giving evidence, Dr. A. Cannon stated that the deceased was sent to prison on October 19, 1929, for a term of ten years on being convicted of piracy. Witness could not state what particular piracy deceased was connected with and a gaol warder who was in Court was not able to furnish this information.

On being admitted to Victoria Gaol, the man was examined by Dr. Paterson who found that he was suffering from lung trouble. On March 28 this year, the deceased's complaint became more generalised than before and he was admitted to the prison hospital.

On May 25, his condition was so serious that the Government were notified that he would not survive his sentence. It was decided after long consideration and inquiry that the prisoner would be as well off inside the gaol as outside.

Continuing, Dr. Cannon said that the prisoner died at 5.25 p.m. on Wednesday and a post-mortem was held yesterday morning which revealed that the deceased's lungs and other organs of the body were riddled with tuberculosis. The cause of death was generalised tuberculosis.

Answering the Coroner, the doctor said that if the prisoner had not been sent to gaol it was quite possible that he would have died much sooner had he lived in a congested area, but on the other hand he might have lived just a little longer if he lived in the open country.

Had the prisoner been discharged, said the doctor, he would probably have died sooner and that was why the Government decided to keep him in the gaol hospital.

The jury without hearing further evidence returned a verdict of "Death from natural causes."

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## UNDERWEAR



This Cool Light Weight Underwear in a Mixture of Artificial Silk and Cotton Material is the Ideal Underwear for present wear.

Although closely knitted it will not Ladder in wear.

Stocked in Vests with 1/2 Sleeves and Knee Length Drawers.

Sizes: 32" to 46"

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MEN'S WEAR STYLISTS.

THE VIVA-TONAL  
COLUMBIA  
ENGLISH PORTABLE No. 112A.

\$52.00 NET. \$52.00 NET.

EVERY COLUMBIA SOLD SELLS ANOTHER  
HEAR IT AT  
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ESTABLISHED 1888.

## TAK CHEONG

50/2, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.



The Neverbreak Wardrobe Trunks are the best known trunks in the world and offer the utmost value

Full Size... \$150.00  
Cabin Size... \$115.00

Also just received an entirely new line of Hand Wardrobes (a short trip requires just such luggage). Note below the Packing List:—

4 Suits	6 Ties
1 Extra Pr. Trousers	12 Collars
1 Pr. Golf Knickers	12 Pr. Hose
1 Pair Golf Shoes	12 Handkerchieves
1 Lounge Robe	2 Pr. Shoes
6 Suits Underwear	1 Toilet Case
3 Pr. Pyjamas	6 Shirts

Price: \$55.00.

Telephone 1317.

[3811]



ON SATURDAY NEXT there will appear in the "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS" the first of a Series of Articles specially written for Boy Scouts by the Chief Scout. These weekly "pow-wows" for lads enrolled in the Scout Movement are illustrated, and will be found of the greatest interest. The Chief Scout (whom H.M. The King honoured recently by creating him a Baron) knows how to write for boys, and his good advice will be read with keen interest by the "tender-foot," the Scout, the Scout Master, and the Rover alike.



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## NETHERLAND CONSULATE GENERAL.

IN Commemoration of the Anniversary of the BIRTHDAY of Her Majesty THE QUEEN of THE NETHERLANDS, the CONSUL GENERAL will be HOME at the CHANCERY, ASIATIC BUILDING, on SATURDAY, THE 31ST of AUGUST, Between 11.30 A.M. and 12.30 P.M. [8299]

## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG.

## ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

MISCELLANEOUS PROCEEDINGS No. 23 of 1929.

IN THE MATTER OF THE WING ON COMPANY, LIMITED, AND

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE 1911.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition was presented to the Supreme Court of Hong Kong by the above named Company for Confirmation of a Special Resolution passed on the 28th day of August, 1929, and confirmed on the 28th day of August, 1929, to the effect following:

"(1) That the provisions of the Memorandum of Association of the Company with respect to the Company's objects be altered by adding the following clause to be known as a Clause BB after Clause AA, namely: (bb) to carry on the Business of Banking in all its branches and Departments, including the Borrowing, Raising or Taking Up Money, the Lending or Advancing Money Securities and Property the Discounting, Buying, Selling and Dealing in Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Coupons, Drafts, Bills of Lading, Warrants, Debitures, Certificates, Scrip, and other Instruments and Securities, whether Transferable or Negotiable, or not; the Granting and Issuing Letters of Credit and Circular Notes; the Buying, Selling and Dealing in Bullion and Specie; the Acquiring, Holding, Issuing on Commission, Underwriting and Dealing with Stocks, Bonds, Shares, Debentures, and Investments of all kinds; the Negotiating of Loans and Advances; the Receiving Money and Valuables on Deposit or for Safe Custody, or otherwise; the Collecting and Transmitting Money and Securities; the Managing of Property and Transacting all kinds of Agency Business commonly transacted by Bankers."

AND NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN that the said Petition is directed to be heard before His Honour the Chief Justice on SATURDAY, THE 14th DAY of SEPTEMBER, 1929, at 10.30 A.M. and any Person interested in the said Company whether as Creditors or otherwise, desirous to oppose the making of an Order for the Confirmation of the said Alteration under the above Ordinance should appear at the Time of Hearing by Himself or his Counsel for the purpose, and a Copy of the said Petition will be furnished to any such Person requiring the same by the Company's Solicitors, HASTINGS, DENNIS & BOWLEY, No. 5, Des Voeux Road CENTRAL on Payment of the Regulated Charge for the Same.

Dated the 28th day of August, 1929.  
HASTINGS, DENNIS & BOWLEY,  
Solicitors for the Company. [8300]

## HONG KONG FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.

CLUBS are Reminded that ENTRIES for the LEAGUE COMPETITIONS CLOSE on the 31st. No Entries will be accepted after that Date.

W. E. HOLLANDS,  
Hon. Secretary. [8298]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 2nd DAY of SEPTEMBER, 1929, at 8 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOR, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Pokfulam, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty THE KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.				
No. of Sale.	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Upset Price.
1	24	Wong Nei Chung.	ft. ft. ft. ft.	\$
			As per sale plan.	200
			As per sale plan.	200

## INTIMATIONS.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received Instructions

To Sell By PUBLIC AUCTION,

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, THE 10th, 11th AND 12th SEPTEMBER, 1929, AT

H.M. NAVAL YARD, HONG KONG, AND AT

KOWLOON NAVAL DEPOT,

COMMENCING EACH DAY AT 9.30 A.M.

WITH AN INTERVAL FROM 12 NOON TO 1.30 P.M.

OLD AND SURPLUS NAVAL STORES,

etc., etc., etc.

Comprising:—

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Hong Kong, 19th Aug., 1929. [8282]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 2nd DAY of SEPTEMBER, 1929, at 8 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOR, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Wong Nei Chung, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty THE KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.				
No. of Sale.	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Upset Price.
2	24	Wong Nei Chung.	ft. ft. ft. ft.	\$
			As per sale plan.	200
			As per sale plan.	200

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## WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 4.55 p.m., stated:—

Pressure remains highest in the vicinity of the Bonine. It is relatively low over China and to the east of Luzon where there are indications of a typhoon forming. Local Forecast:—E. or variable winds, moderate, fair.

## MARRIAGES.

JOHNSTON—DUNCAN.—On July 24, at Osterley, the Rev. James HORACE JOHNSTON, of Kowloon, to KATHLEEN EDITH DUNCAN.

EDWARDS—HILL.—On July 24, at Breckenham, London, CHARLES LAYARD EDWARDS, of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Hong Kong, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. VINCENT EDWARDS, of Twickenham, to HELEN, widow of W. L. M. HILL, and youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. GEORGE D. BEAS, of 9, Catr-r-road, Sydenham.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street. Tel. Central 12.

Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. Central 4511.

London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

## The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, AUGUST 30, 1929.

## KAU SING CONFUSION.

THERE seems to be some danger of the various issues which have arisen round the Kau Sing becoming hopelessly muddled. It is most desirable that any such confusion be avoided, otherwise nothing ever will be done to meet the principal points of criticism. If the different issues can be kept distinct, the position is capable of being easily understood—though perhaps not so easily remedied. By confusing the issues there is a danger that the whole subject may become so involved and complicated that no attempt will be made to meet the main objections which have been raised. In such case, all the discussion and controversy which has gone on will be completely wasted—not a unique circumstance, perhaps, but nevertheless not one that should be too often repeated. Free and frank discussion of matters of public interest should lead to reforms being undertaken to meet the criticisms advanced—assuming, of course, that such critical comment is sound, and will stand up against no less critical efforts at refutation.

The respective advantages of single and twin screws is only one phase of the Kau Sing controversy. The merits and demerits of Diesel and steam engines is another phase; the respective capabilities of Thames tug-masters and the navigating officer in charge of the Kau Sing is yet another. It is in the discursive discussion of these and other similar issues that the danger lies of missing what we consider to be the main point—a point which was emphasised when the question of the Kau Sing was first raised in these columns last February. It may be advisable, briefly to review the original comment made after the finding of the jury, engaged in the Hain Wah inquest. We then pointed out that although Hong Kong is one of the principal ports of the world—visited by some ten thousand British and foreign ocean-going steamers annually—there is only one vessel controlled by the Government, capable of going out in bad weather to the assistance of a ship in distress. And that vessel is only available during what is known as the typhoon season—from June to October. During those months the Kau Sing has ten pounds of steam up, with banked fires; during the remainder of the year she is not able to leave her moorings in less than twelve hours.

When the Kau Sing was purchased, it was intended that she should render assistance to shipping in typhoon weather, but the point raised in these columns when the present controversy opened was whether this arrangement was a satisfactory one, and creditable to such a great port as Hong Kong. Accidents at sea can, and do, happen after October and before June—the Hain Wah disaster, in which 300 lives were lost, was tragic proof of this. In such an emergency, however, there is no relief to be looked for from the Hong Kong Government. Its one and only ship designed for rescue work is tied up helplessly at her buoy, and can only proceed to sea twelve hours after an urgent call for help has been received. The first and most important point, therefore, to be discussed is whether the port of Hong Kong should have a vessel capable of proceeding at the shortest notice to render assistance to a ship in distress in the vicinity of this Colony. If it is considered that one of the greatest shipping centres in the world need not have such a vessel at its disposal, so be it; if it is agreed that, in view of the dangerous character of the crowded waters adjoining Hong Kong, such a vessel is needed, then we can proceed to examine the qualifications of the Kau Sing for such duty.

In typhoon weather, the Kau Sing can do, and has done, good work, but ample warning has been always given that her services would be required. The Harbour Master has said that owing to her single screw, she is more difficult to handle than a twin-screw vessel, but none will deny that she has rendered good service at times. That she might have done better with two screws instead of one is a matter upon which sailors agree to differ. But the Kau Sing is not the sort of vessel to keep constantly under steam ready to answer immediately an urgent call for help. It would cost \$30,000 per annum to keep steam up in readiness to get away from her buoy in half an hour. It would cost \$380,000 to take out her present machinery and instal Diesel engines—and the Kau Sing cost \$250,000 to build. Neither plan is a practical proposition, so it comes to this—either we keep the Kau Sing and take a chance of being unable to render prompt assistance in the event of another lamentable disaster at sea occurring between October and June, or she be disposed of and a more suitable vessel put in her place. That is the real kernel of the Kau Sing controversy. This, in our opinion, is the only question which calls urgently for discussion and final decision.

An enormous volume of shipping passes in and out of this port throughout the year. Considering the difficulties of navigation in these crowded waters—particularly in bad weather—accidents are remarkably few. This is a tribute to the skill and caution of the men responsible for navigating the tremendous fleet entering and leaving the port. But where there is water there is always danger, and a serious marine disaster happening between October and June finds Hong Kong without means of rushing assistance in response to a distress call. True, there is usually a destroyer in port, but not always with steam up; there are ocean-going tugs owned by shipbuilders which can—and do—render invaluable assistance in time of emergency, but for various reasons these may not be immediately available when a call for help comes. The essence of relief in reply to a distress call is speed—a response as prompt as the turning-out of a fire-engine. A twin-screw motor lifeboat of the latest, largest, and most powerful type can be purchased for \$145,000. Such a vessel can slip her moorings in five minutes and be on her way to render assistance to a ship in distress. The Kau Sing is quite a good craft of her kind; surely she could be disposed of at a fair figure—could not Hong Kong afford to raise the balance?

## News and Views.

One Chinese case of enteric was reported on Wednesday.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council next Thursday the Budget will be introduced. There is reason to believe that the figures submitted will show that the financial position of the Colony is very satisfactory.

Letters addressed "Hong Kong, China" are common enough, and excusable, but what can we say of the man who writes "Hong Kong (Angleterre)"? If words fail us in this direction, we can at least pay tribute to the alert French postal officials, who sent our letter eastward instead of west.

Two hundred Chinese police used a cannon in attacking a bandit gang surrounded in a house near Fakumon. Twenty shells were fired at the building and some hit the mark. The bandits escaped at night during a rain. Both mounted and foot police participated in the attack and the commander of each squadron was wounded by the bandit fire.

A prediction that man will be without toes in 300 centuries was made at Buffalo by Dr. Albert Dyonston of Chicago, in a scientific session prior to the opening of the recent National Convention of Chiropodists. Hard pavements and close-fitting shoes are causing the loss of the arch in the foot, and for modern purposes, a solid stump with a single hinge will survive, he said.

Commander D. N. C. Tufnell, D.S.C., has been selected to command the sloop Bryong, attached to the Fleet Flagship in the Mediterranean, in succession to Commander G. L. Warren, whose two years have nearly expired. Commander Tufnell was promoted at the new year, after being first lieutenant of the aircraft carrier Hermes in Japan. He is an interpreter in Japanese.

The Arbutnot Trophy for solo motor-cycles, which was competed for on July 29 in the vicinity of Liphook, Hants, was instituted ten years ago in memory of the late Rear-Admiral Sir Robert Arbutnot, who went down in H.M.S. D. the fender at the Battle of Jutland. The trophy, a bronze statuette, was won in 1927 by Commander C.A.G. Hutchison, now in China as Chief Staff Officer on the Yangtze.

For all the big city's reputation for heartlessness, New York gives more than \$125,000 daily to beggars, John D. Godfrey, officer of the Bureau of charities, estimates. A very large part of these alms are given to false cripples or others who do not deserve help, and may be receiving \$30 to \$40 daily in this manner. Some of them make as little as \$4 on week-days and \$10 on Saturday, which is payday for many employees. There are 4,000 to 7,000 professional beggars in New York. Mr. Godfrey said, although begging is against the law and is often carried on under the guise of selling pencils, bootlaces, or chewing-gum.

The depot ship Medway, accompanied by the new submarines Osiris, Oswald, Otus and Odin, will leave England at the end of October for the China Station, via South America. H.M.S. Titania and her flotilla of "L" Class submarines will sail from China at the same time, returning via the Suez Canal. Medway, the most modern vessel in submarine depot and repair ship construction, is fitted with a four-ton machine and plate shop, smithy, torpedo and plumber's shop, and is capable of accommodating over 1,700 officers and men. Osiris, Oswald, Otus, and Odin are four of the six submarines authorised in the 1928 programme.

It is announced in the London Gazette that the King has been pleased to confer a C.O.B. on Admiral Sir Reginald York Tyrwhitt, in recognition of his eminent services while holding the appointment of Commander-in-Chief, China Station, from January, 1927, to February, 1929. Vice-Admiral Tyrwhitt was promoted Admiral in March. He commanded the Harwich destroyer flotilla during the War, and for his services was awarded the K.C.B. while yet only a captain. Before leaving China Admiral Tyrwhitt was entertained at dinner by the British Chamber of Commerce in Shanghai, in recognition of his services in the defence of the community in the spring of 1927.

The writer of "A City Man's Diary" in the Evening Standard, referring to a note of his on the time when the shilling shares of the New Transport Company reached \$50 just before the war, says it has started a number of readers searching for other cases of shares reaching tremendous premiums. One correspondent reminds him that the New Transport shares must give pride of place to the Pekin Syndicate. The capital of the Pekin Syndicate includes £100 of one shilling deferred shares. In 1926 these shares touched \$20, or a price of 120,000 per cent. of their nominal value. These shares still stand at a huge premium, and have been \$26 in recent times. The Standard man is, however, still in some doubt as to whether even the Pekin Syndicate record could not be broken.

The total population of Canada as at June 1, 1929, according to an estimate of the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics, was 9,790,800—an increase of 138,800 over the estimate of June 1, 1928. Since the last decennial census was taken in 1921, Canada's population has grown over 1,000,000. The next census will be taken in 1931.

New York drug-stores are nothing more than refreshment parlours and cosmetic stations, according to Dr. George Cohen, of Berlin, who spent a few days in New York before attending the Medical Congress at Boston. Dr. Cohen is proprietor of the oldest drug-store in the world. He said that he spent all day looking for a regular drug store in New York. The doctor should have some conception of a real drug-store, for his ancestors have conducted the same business in Berlin since 1488, four years before Columbus discovered America.

British or Chinese?

British or Chinese? Is a Chinese born in Singapore a British subject? This problem has arisen in an acute form in Shanghai where it still remains undecided, although it has been laid down that such a man cannot be an alien citizen in China unless with the approval of the Nanking Government, says the Straits Times. Shiao Chien Ming, a Chinese born in Singapore, admitted in the Provisional Court before Judge Chow that, following a controversy in regard to the nationality of W. Y. Char, the Honolulu-born Chinese attorney, he called at the British Consulate General to determine his status. The Consul-General gave him to understand that in Singapore he was under British jurisdiction, but in China he would be under Chinese jurisdiction. Mr. Shiao is a Fukiense and his parents lived in Singapore prior to his birth. He was involved as a witness in a case which came up before the Provisional Court, and when asked for his nationality he stated that he was a British subject. The Judge became suspicious and asked him if he had applied for a denaturalisation permit from the Ministry of the Interior of the National Government, as required of any Chinese who sought foreign citizenship. Mr. Shiao explained what he had done after the Char incident, and producing his British citizenship certificate before his Honour, admitted dubiously "I am not quite sure whether I am a British subject or a Chinese citizen." The Court ordered that the citizenship paper be held for further investigation and Mr. Shiao was told that he would be formally notified as to his nationality in due course.

## Looking Back 25 Years.

At a regular meeting of the R.A.O.B. King Edward VII. Lodge, held in the Club Rooms on Saturday last, Primo P.D. Hyett was installed in the chair for the ensuing month, and invested his officers as follows:—Sitting Primo, Primo H.D. Hyett; City Marshal, Primo S. D. Setna; City Treasurer, Mr. Wong Kwong Tong; City Tyler, Bro. W. Skinner; City Chamberlain, Bro. W. Walston; City Constable, Bro. Seveda; City Secretary, Primo J. J. Blake; City Treasurer, Bro. Young Hec; City Minister, Bro. MacLean; City Physician, Primo Thompson; City Registrar, Bro. T. Webb; City Waiter, Primo Radcliffe; Assistant Alderman of Benevolence, Primo H. Oxberry. In the course of the ceremony Primo Stainfield was presented with a very handsome jewel. An entertainment then followed, to which there contributed Primos Hyett, Oxberry, Stainfield, Goodhall and Setna, Bros. Pestonji, Ridley, Cooper and Webb.—Hong Kong Daily Press, August 30, 1904.

## Looking Back 50 Years.

The works on and in the vicinity of the Cricket Ground which have just attained completion, have so far improved the locality that our cricketers friends have every cause to be proud of their ground. The whole space has been levelled and re-turfed under the direction of the Hon. J. M. Price, and looks very grim indeed. A number of inconveniently-placed trees have been removed; a dwarf retaining wall carried round the northern side of the ground, where also the roadway has been widened into a fine promenade, and posts and rails have been fixed at the side facing the City Hall. The Pavilion, which was designed by Mr. W. Danby, is an effective little structure, and its platform will no doubt in future be frequently occupied by the lovers of the national game during the approaching season if they only succeed in working up a respectable "pitch," but fear that the much-improved ground being made upon the new turf, which though already looking green is necessarily still rough.—Hong Kong Daily Press, August 30, 1979.



**"ALLIES" TO LEAVE THE RHINELAND.**

AGREEMENT REACHED WITH GERMANY.

EARLIER OBJECTIONS OVERCOME.

**BRITISH PRESS CHORUS APPROVAL.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 29. An agreement has been reached between Germany and the three Powers (France, Belgium, and Britain) concerned with the Rhineland.

It has been settled that evacuation of the Rhineland shall begin in September with the Belgian and British withdrawal. The French evacuation of the second zone is to be completed within three months, and the evacuation of the third zone is to be carried out as rapidly as possible after the ratification of the agreement by the French and German Parliaments, and the operation of the Young Plan. The whole is to be completed not later than June 30, 1930.

The agreement depends upon a financial settlement with Germany.

**An Earlier Snag.**

The Conference at The Hague is encountering a formidable final hurdle in the shape of inducing Germany to assent to the sacrifices imposed on her in yesterday's agreement. A series of meetings all day long has so far not attained the desired objects. Dr. Stresemann declared: "We have not yet agreed to a single point."

In Berlin political circles refuse to contemplate bigger burdens than the Young Plan imposes. The newspapers unanimously express the opinion that Germany is again cornered and must pay the bill or be saddled with the blame for torpeding the Conference.

**German Objections.**

The after-dinner conference is continuing with the Germans. So far, it is asserted, the debate has apparently been heated, the Germans strongly objecting to paying the cost of the Rhineland occupation after September 1 which they estimate will amount to £4,000,000 by the time the last French soldier has been evacuated on June 30, 1930.

On other issues, however, there should apparently be no great difficulty in reaching an agreement.

The conference has been adjourned. The German delegate, Dr. Wirth, emerged looking very stern. He told a representative of Reuters: "We are not agreed."

The discussions will continue in the morning.

**British Newspapers Jubilant.**

LONDON, Aug. 29. The newspapers chorus approval of Mr. Snowden's victory at The Hague. The Times declares it is a very definite triumph for the Government and particularly for the pertinacious and clear-headed Yorkshireman, who bore by far the largest share of the burden of settlement. It is admittedly a compromise, but Mr. Snowden, who was ably supported throughout by Messrs. Graham and Henderson, could hardly have expected to obtain the last farthing of his demands.

The Daily Express says Mr. Snowden has put British prestige in the eyes of Europe on a pedestal higher than it has occupied since the Armistice.

**UNEMPLOYMENT ON TYNESIDE.**

PREMIER RECEIVES A DEPUTATION.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUOBY, Aug. 28. The Premier to-day received a deputation representing the Trade Unions connected with the engineering and shipbuilding trades on the Tyneside, who described the extent of unemployment in the area and asked that special consideration should be given to it in the working out of the plans which the Government have in hand for dealing with general unemployment problems.

The Premier, in reply, said he and his colleagues would give consideration to the views and suggestions put forward by the deputation.

**ZEPPELIN FINISHES WORLD FLIGHT.**

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

LAKEHURST, N.J., Aug. 29. The Graf Zeppelin landed here to-day thus completing its world flight.

**THE NAVAL RATIO QUESTION.**

JAPAN'S REPLACEMENT SCHEMES.

**A "PAPER" PROGRAMME?**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, August 29. The evening papers carry an unverifiable report that the Navy Office has drawn up a replacement programme of construction of auxiliaries, including four 10,000-ton cruisers, 15 first-class destroyers, several smaller destroyers, submarines, gunboats, oilers, and anti-submarine craft, the total cost to be 400,000,000 yen. The programme is to be over spread six to eight years, commencing with the next fiscal year.

While it seems unlikely that the Finance Minister, with his slogan of economy and retrenchment, will sanction such an undertaking at the present time, it is possible that the Navy is anxious to be in a position to present a paper programme, with which to bargain when the Disarmament Conference is convened.

**The Estimates.**

While it is highly improbable that any new programme of construction will be launched before the revision of the Washington Treaty, it may be recalled that unofficial estimates quoted at the last Diet session indicated that unless the conference is able to reach a satisfactory agreement Japan will have to find approximately 850,000,000 yen for capital ships, and 380,000,000 yen for auxiliaries replacement after 1931, including 337,000,000 yen for auxiliaries in the five-year period commencing 1931.

It will also be recalled that recently there has been much talk regarding the alleged decision to demand a 10:10:7 ratio for auxiliaries.

**American Plans.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29. A definite announcement is expected shortly with regard to naval disarmament, particularly as affecting the problem of cruiser reduction, which it is understood has reached a crucial stage.

A series of conferences of the leading American statesmen has been held in the past few days.

**Anglo-American Progress.**

LONDON, Aug. 29. It is learned from well-informed British quarters that the Anglo-American conversations on naval disarmament are progressing satisfactorily.

It is believed an agreement on some kind of naval formula can be expected very shortly.

**NEW RECORD IN GOLD PRODUCTION.**

CANADA'S PROGRESS.

[D.P. Special Service.]

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada's gold production in 1929 again established a new high record with a total of 1,890,592 fine ounces valued at \$39,082,000, as compared with the 1927 production of 1,552,785 fine ounces valued at \$38,300,464, an increase of 37,807 ounces in quantity and \$781,541 in value, according to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

A feature of the report is that the Quebec output of 80,006 fine ounces was much greater than in any previous year, due largely, it is pointed out, to the continuous operation of the Noranda smelter where gold recoveries from copper ores treated during the year averaged 33.92 per cent.

Ontario continues to occupy the premier position as a producer of gold with a total of 1,578,434 fine ounces valued at \$32,023,126 for the year under review, a slight decrease as compared with 1,627,050 fine ounces in 1927 valued at \$33,634,108.

**COTTON TRADE IN THE EAST.**

CHINA'S POTENTIALITIES AS CONSUMER.

**A WARNING NOTE.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, August 29. The report of Mr. Arno Pearce, Secretary of the International Federation of Master Cotton-Spinners and Manufacturers' Associations, on his enquiry into conditions in Japan and China, has been published.

The report deals with the phenomenal progress of the cotton industry in Japan, and points out that the cotton industry in China is expanding. The opinion is expressed that China is the country which will see the greatest mill-building development, and it is thought that no country is capable of consuming more cotton goods than China.

A warning is issued, however, that Japan's example of high protective tariffs serves the Chinese statesmen as a pattern. Japan, realising this danger, has started her own cotton mills in China, but the Chinese hope some day to tax these Japanese-owned mills out of existence.

**MUI TSAI'S FATE IN SINGAPORE.**

DIES IN AGONY FROM NEGLECT.

GUARDIANS FINED!

Singapore.—She was only a poor little mui-tsai and she was beaten either daily, or every other day, by her adopted mother. The only bed she had was an empty packing case, she suffered agony from acute peritonitis and no doctor was called in to see her. When she died her body was wrapped in a red blanket and thrown on the roadside. The police removed the body to the General Hospital and instituted proceedings against the girl's adopted father and mother.

Such was the sordid story related to Mr. C. H. G. Clarke, the District Civil Judge, when Lee Teng and his wife, Ho Lian, were charged with wilfully ill-treating and neglecting the child in a manner likely to cause unnecessary suffering. A further charge of voluntarily causing hurt was preferred against the woman.

The man and his wife were each fined \$100 or, in default, three months' rigorous imprisonment.

Lee Lian, a young Chinese, said that he was a coolie employed by the first accused at 10-1 Church Street where he worked. The second accused was the wife of the first. The deceased girl lived in the house and on the Saturday preceding her death she appeared to be ill. On the following Sunday he did not go to work but when he turned up on Monday April 1, the child was not there. The girl had been ill, her arms being swollen for several days. On Saturday she was so ill that she could not walk and had to lay down. As far as he knew no doctor was called to see the child. He had seen marks behind the child's ears and legs but could not say how they were caused. Mr. Whitley: How did the woman treat the child?—She sometimes beat it when it was disobedient.

Did she do that only when the child was disobedient or also at other times?—When I was outside doing work I used to hear the child crying.

How often did she beat the child?—Sometimes once in two days and sometimes every day. I have heard the husband tell her not to strike the child.

Mr. Collier:—Was she a naughty girl?—No, a very good girl. She was very disobedient wasn't she?—No, whenever she was asked to do anything she went at once. Further examined witness said that he had since left the service of the accused and started his own business. A young boy next said that he was a nephew of the accused. The deceased, who was 12 years of age, was adopted by the accused. The child had been very ill for about five days previous to her death, but no doctor was called. Witness was not living with Lee Lian, having moved after he had given evidence before the Coroner.

Mr. Whitley: What sort of temper has your aunt, wild or gentle?—She is bad tempered.

Husband's Denial.

Lee Teng said that the second accused was his wife. The little girl was adopted, about eight months before her death.

(Continued on next Column.)

**AMERICAN NOTE ON EXTRALITY.**

PURPORTED OFFICIAL REPLY.

**"TIME NOT YET RIPE."**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, August 29. The Tsingtao Times of August 24 publishes what is purported to be the official text of the American extrality reply, dated Peking, August 10, to China's Note of April 27.

The reply, after reciting the origin and development of extrality, refers to the Inter-Allied Extrality Commission held in Peking in August, 1926, in which 13 nations, including China, signed recommendations which, in the view of the Extrality Commission, are necessary before the abolition of extrality in China is possible, including, *inter alia*, the placing of China's judicial system upon a more Western-like basis.

**Not Yet Ready.**

The Tsingtao Times states that the U.S. reply goes on to say:—

Because of its friendship with the Chinese people and its desire to relinquish extrality as soon as possible, the U.S. Government has followed attentively this subject (referring to judicial reforms), including particularly the progress made by China in carrying out the recommendations of the 1926 Commission.

The United States Government appreciates China's efforts to assimilate Western judicial principles, but would be lacking in sincerity and candour, as well as disregardful of its obligations to its own nationals in China, if it did not frankly state these recommendations have not been substantially carried out, and there does not exist in China to-day a system of independent Chinese Courts, free from extraneous influence, which are capable adequately of doing justice between Chinese and foreign litigants.

"My Government believes that not until these recommendations are fulfilled to a far greater measure than to-day exists will it be possible for American citizens safely to live and do business in China and for their property to be adequately protected without the intervention of Consular Courts."

**Little By Little.**

The Tsingtao Times says that the Notes conclude:—

"Animated by a desire to be helpful the American Government is ready, if the suggestion meets the National Government's approval, to participate in negotiations aimed at devising a method for the gradual relinquishment of extrality to China either as to designated territorial areas or as to particular kinds of jurisdiction, or both, provided that such gradual relinquishment proceeds at the same time as steps are taken and improvements achieved by the Chinese Government in the enactment of laws based upon modern concepts of jurisprudence."

months before her death by his wife. When she first came to live with them the girl was pale and sickly. About ten persons lived in his house—he himself had six children, the eldest being 15 years' old. It was not true that his wife was in the habit of beating the child; no one ill-treated her. He was told by the little girl herself that she had been scalded while boiling water. His wife sometimes applied oil to the scalded parts and sometimes the girl herself did so. He had been married 16 or 17 years.

Mr. Collier: Have you any remarks to make about your wife's temper?—She is not a bad tempered woman.

Replying to further questions, witness said that even when his own children were ill he did not call in a doctor. The deceased did not complain of any other pain except a stomach ache and she did not appear to be seriously ill. On the day of her death he was not at home.

Mr. Whitley: Why did you not report the death to the police or arrange a burial?—When I returned home my wife said all arrangements had been made.

There was a document of adoption drawn up?—Yes, but I have mislaid it.

The woman corroborated her husband's story and, in reply to Mr. Whitley, said that the parents of the deceased were in China. Asked if the child was in great pain and throwing herself about witness said, "No, she only groaning." Witness had reported the death of her own child, but not that of the girl who was her adopted daughter-in-law.

The Honorary found the accused guilty on the first charge and imposed the above stated penalty. The woman was discharged on the second charge.—Strait Times.

**ARABS STATE THEIR CASE.**

NATIONAL DEMANDS UNSATISFIED.

**THE RIGHTS OF MOSLEMS.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, August 29. The Arab case is expressed in cablegrams received by the Prime Minister to-day. For example, a message from the President of the Arab Executive in Jerusalem states that the naval and military forces may keep order, but permanent order and peace are impossible until the Arabs' national demands for the establishment of a democratic administration and the abolition of the Balfour Declaration are positively considered.

[The Balfour Declaration of November 2, 1917, states that "His Majesty's Government view with favour the establishment in Palestine of a national home for the Jewish people, and will use their best endeavours to facilitate the achievement of that object, it being clearly understood that nothing shall be done which may prejudice the civil and religious rights of existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine, or the rights and political status enjoyed by Jews in any other country."]

**Protests From Moslems.**

New York, August 29. The Palestine National League, the New Syria Party, and the Young Men's Moslem Society have sent messages to the Pope, Mr. Ramsey MacDonald, President Hoover, and the League of Nations, Mandate Commission protesting against the form of government in Palestine, which they allege deprives the Arabs of all rights. They urge the abrogation of the Balfour Declaration.

**British Official Attitude.**

LONDON, August 29. Dr. Weizmann, President of the World Zionist Organization, told a meeting of the English Zionist Federation yesterday that he had seen Lord Passfield, and according to Dr. Weizmann, there will be changes in the Palestine Administration, with Britain standing by the Balfour Declaration more vigorously.

**Tanks on Guard.**

LONDON, August 29. The Jewish Telegraph Agency publishes a report from Beirut that troops and tanks are guarding the Jewish quarter in Damascus. The Arabs are most excited. Some Policemen and two Arabs were wounded in the course of the Arab demonstrations on Tuesday.

**Americans Protected.**

WASHINGTON, August 29. General Dawes (U.S. Ambassador in London) has cabled the American State Department that adequate measures are being taken to guarantee the safety of Americans in Palestine.

The headquarters of the American Palestine Jewish Legion have offered Sir Eame Howard (British Ambassador) the services of 10,000 fighting men to restore peace in Palestine, urging that the first battalion of these be shipped immediately.

**Jerusalem Quiet.**

CAIRO, August 29. A telephone message from Jerusalem reports that all has been quiet in the city all day.

**COLONIAL OFFICE REPORT.**

"BARHAM" MEN QUELL DISTURBANCE.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUOBY, August 28. The Colonial Office states that there is little change in the situation in Palestine. Jerusalem, Jaffa, and Haifa are reported quiet, the disorder in the neighbourhood of the last-named place being satisfactorily quelled by a naval detachment from the warship Barham.

Aircraft have been employed reconnoitring over the disturbed areas, and fire from the air has been opened on parties of Arabs in the neighbourhood of Haifa and Ramla and on the hills around Jerusalem.

A strong Arab concentration was reported south-east of Gaza, but the aircraft have been unable to locate any parties of Arabs in the neighbourhood and no attack has so far materialized.

Last night continuous attacks on Beit Alpha, four miles west of Beisan, were successfully repulsed by a detachment of the Trans-Jordan Frontier Force.

Telephone lines from Jerusalem to Nazareth, Haifa, and Tiberias are reported cut.

The situation in Trans-Jordan is reported normal at Gaza, but the reinforcements other than those mentioned in yesterday's statement have been despatched to Palestine.

**JAPAN'S WORK FOR PEACE.**

ADVICE TO CHINA AND RUSSIA.

**BETTER PROSPECTS.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, Aug. 29. While it is definitely denied that Japan has offered to mediate, official quarters intimate that Baron Shidehara is taking every opportunity to impress the Chinese and Soviet envoys upon the desirability of coming to terms. He is also acting as a channel through which the views of the one may be transferred to the other.

Official circles continue to believe that a basis of opening formal negotiations will be reached before long, by the Soviet agreeing to appoint a new Bureau of Chiefs.

**MORE PARLEY RUMOURS.**

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 29. The Central Government states in a telegram to Chang Hsueh Liang and Ho Cheng Chun that recently, the Chinese Minister at Berlin has been unofficially negotiating with the Soviet Minister, and that it is probable that a formal negotiation will be held within a week.

It is stated in foreign sources that Mr. Karakhan has instructed the Soviet Minister at Berlin to enter into negotiations with the Chinese Minister. The Soviet Government has decided not to reinstate the former Soviet Director of the Chinese Eastern Railway.

**RUSSIANS RETIRE.**

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 29. The following reports are published by Military Headquarters at Mukden:—

The Russian troops on the eastern front have withdrawn in three directions towards Shangcheng, Vladivostok and Sankiangkou.

The Soviet troops at Fuchin and Hailan have also retreated. The three towns at Shaoching have been taken over again by Chinese troops.

Communication between Harbin and Manchuli and Hailan has been restored.

**NEW CHINESE PEACE DELEGATE.**

(Nam Cheung Pao.)

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs has recalled Chu Shao Yang to Nanking and deputed Mr. Kuo Tung to succeed Mr. Chu to deal with the Sino-Russian affairs as the latter has to proceed to Finland to take up the post as Chinese Minister to that country.

Mr. Kuo arrived at Tientsin on Wednesday morning and will proceed to Harbin via Mukden where he will discuss the Sino-Russian position with Chang Hsueh Liang.

**EXCHANGE RATES.**

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUOBY, August 29.	
Paris	123.875
New York	4.84 25/32
Brussels	34.965
Geneva	25.183
Amsterdam	12.10
Milan	92.696
Berlin	20.255
Stockholm	18.096
Copenhagen	18.215
Oslo	18.206
Vienna	34.42
Prague	18.21
Helsingfors	22.055
Madrid	18.200
Lisbon	378
Athens	817
Bucharest	817
Rio	1294
Buenos Aires	471
Bombay	1/8 25/32
Shanghai	2/41
Hong Kong	1/11 1/16
Yokohama	24 5/16
Silver (spot)	24 5/16
Silver (forward)	24 7/16







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HONG KONG.

## DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS.

HONG KONG STOCK  
EXCHANGE.SHAREBROKERS'  
ASSOCIATION.

Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal	THURSDAY, AUGUST 29.	Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal
<b>Banks</b>								
\$1,230	...	...	\$123 1/2	H.K. Banks	...	...	...	\$1,235
280	...	...	28 1/2	Do. (London)	...	...	...	219 1/2
...	...	...	...	Chartered Banks	...	...	...	234 1/2
...	...	...	...	Mercantile Bks. "A"	...	...	...	215
...	...	...	...	Do. "C"	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Bank of East Asia	...	...	...	...
<b>Insurance</b>								
...	...	...	...	Canton Ins.	...	...	...	\$630
...	...	...	...	North China	...	...	...	T180
...	...	...	...	Union Ins.	...	...	...	\$60
...	...	...	...	Yangtze Ins.	...	...	...	\$300
...	...	...	...	China Fire	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Fire	...	...	...	...
<b>Shipping</b>								
...	...	...	...	Douglas	...	...	...	\$37
...	...	...	...	Steamboats	...	...	...	\$24 1/2
...	...	...	...	Indos (pref.)	...	...	...	\$50
...	...	...	...	Do. (det.)	...	...	...	\$90
...	...	...	...	Shell Transports	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Water-boat	...	...	...	...
<b>Mining</b>								
...	...	...	...	Benquets	...	...	...	63 1/2
...	...	...	...	Kailash	...	...	...	T15
...	...	...	...	Lankata (comb.)	...	...	...	T9
...	...	...	...	Do. (single)	...	...	...	T14 1/2
...	...	...	...	Explorations	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shanghai Loans	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Raub	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Tromoh Mines	...	...	...	...
<b>Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.</b>								
...	...	...	...	H.K. & R. Wharves	...	...	...	\$130
...	...	...	...	Provident	...	...	...	\$4.25
...	...	...	...	H.K. Docks	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shanghai Docks	...	...	...	T140
...	...	...	...	New Engineering	...	...	...	T7
...	...	...	...	Hongkew	...	...	...	...
<b>Cotton Mills</b>								
...	...	...	...	Ewos	...	...	...	T17.35
...	...	...	...	Shai Ctons (old)	...	...	...	T.91 1/2
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	T.31 1/2
...	...	...	...	Zoong Sings	...	...	...	T.10 1/2
<b>Lands, Hotels and Buildings</b>								
...	...	...	...	H.K. & S. Hotels	...	...	...	\$8.40
...	...	...	...	H.K. Lands	...	...	...	\$8.50
...	...	...	...	Shanghai Lands	...	...	...	\$6 1/2
...	...	...	...	H.K. Realty	...	...	...	\$7.90
...	...	...	...	Humphreys	...	...	...	\$14.20
...	...	...	...	Chinese Estates	...	...	...	...
<b>Public Utilities</b>								
...	...	...	...	Tramways	...	...	...	\$18
...	...	...	...	Peak Trans (old)	...	...	...	\$11.80
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	\$6
...	...	...	...	Star Ferries	...	...	...	\$65 1/2
...	...	...	...	C. Lights (old)	...	...	...	\$12.60
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	\$12.90
...	...	...	...	H.K. Electricity	...	...	...	\$69 1/2
...	...	...	...	Macao do	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Sandakan Lights	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Telephones	...	...	...	\$6.90
...	...	...	...	China Buses	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Traction	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (pref.)	...	...	...	...
<b>Industrials</b>								
...	...	...	...	Canton Lees	...	...	...	\$3 1/2
...	...	...	...	Cements (comb.)	...	...	...	\$8.75
...	...	...	...	Do. (old)	...	...	...	\$7 1/2
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	\$1 1/2
...	...	...	...	Ropes	...	...	...	\$7
...	...	...	...	China Sugars	...	...	...	\$29
...	...	...	...	Malabon Sugars	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	United Asbestos	...	...	...	...
<b>Miscellaneous</b>								
...	...	...	...	Dairy Farms	...	...	...	\$30.10
...	...	...	...	Der A. Wings	...	...	...	\$0.50
...	...	...	...	Amusements	...	...	...	\$26 1/2
...	...	...	...	Constructions	...	...	...	\$1 1/2
...	...	...	...	Lane Crawford	...	...	...	\$1 1/2
...	...	...	...	Mackintosh	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Nanyang Tobacco	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Sinceres (old)	...	...	...	\$9.80
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	\$9.10
...	...	...	...	Watsons	...	...	...	\$19
...	...	...	...	Wm. Powells	...	...	...	\$3 1/2
...	...	...	...	R. Ind. G. Bonds	...	...	...	63 1/2
...	...	...	...	H.K. Govt. Loan	...	...	...	\$107

## Money and Markets

INCOME-TAX WHEN  
ON LEAVE.COMPLICATED BRITISH  
LAW EXPLAINED.

In the current issue of the *Income-tax Payer*, the official journal of the Income-tax Payers' Society, is an article of special interest to British subjects going home on leave, he quote as follows:—

So many questions have been put to this Society as to the liability of visitors to this country from abroad to the payment of Income Tax, that we decided it would be a great help both to members of the Society and to the Inland Revenue if we could get a clearer interpretation of the law on the matter than can be gathered by a layman from a hasty glance at the very complicated clauses in the Income Tax Acts.

The matter, therefore, was submitted for the careful study of a number of experts connected either directly or indirectly with this Society, and the joint result of their labours was sent by Lord Deedes, in the form of questions and answers, to high authorities in the Department at Somerset House which deals with Income Tax matters.

This Department was asked if it would say whether the conclusions to which we had arrived on the various points raised were correct. We should like to say before proceeding further that the Society appreciates highly the courtesy and thoroughness with which our somewhat unusual request was dealt with.

## Semi-Official Opinions.

Below we give what may be described—to use an old war-time expression now gone largely into disuse—as the semi-official opinion on the position. It must, of course, be understood that in so complicated a matter as this of visitors from abroad, with all its ramifications, of time of stay, its distinctions between places of abode and places of residence, its differentiation in cases of business and pleasure, and so on and so on, many individual cases must be decided largely on their merits, and that the opinions given are general rather than particular.

Following are the questions with the answers approved in a general sense, in official quarters.

British subjects, officers, civil servants, etc., residing abroad, who come over to this country periodically, say, once every three years on leave.

(a) Are they charged Income Tax if their stay is under six months?—No.

(b) What are they charged if their stay is over six months?—

(a) If a place of abode is maintained here, they are chargeable for any year in which they visit this country on "remittances" of foreign income (including leave and other pay), i.e., on amounts of such income remitted or brought to this country or received here in that year.

(b) If a place of abode is not maintained here, chargeable on "remittances" of foreign income for a year in which they are in this country for six months or upwards.

British subjects, officers, or civil servants, etc., residing abroad who have no abode in this country, i.e., take a place in England for their wife, for the purpose of educating the children, remit money to their wife from earned income at different periods for the upkeep of the house and family, etc. Are they charged any Income Tax on these remittances?

They are not chargeable on such remittances for any year during which they do not visit this country.

Are they charged any Income Tax if they come over to this country?—

They are chargeable on all remittances for the year in which they visit this country.

A British subject residing in America, and in business there, keeps a house in London for his wife and children. He comes over, perhaps annually, for a few weeks at a time. Would he be called upon to pay on his whole income or only on remittances?

If no part of his business operations is conducted in this country, then:—

(a) As regards business profits he is chargeable on "remittances" of foreign income.

(b) As regards other foreign income he would be charged on "remittances" if he comes to this country on holiday only for less than three months annually; if for three months or upwards he would be charged on the full income arising. (It is assumed that he is domiciled in this country.)

A British subject, married, living in Bombay, in business, comes over to London for the season and rents a furnished house. He only comes once every three years. Would he be asked to pay any Income Tax for being here under six

months for the year he visits this country?—

If the furnished house is not rented for longer than the period of his visit to this country, he would not be charged on foreign income if he were here for less than six months in the year, and would be charged on "remittances" of foreign income if he were here for six months or upwards.

An Australian or South African, a British subject, but not domiciled in this country, brings over his wife and family to London, and takes a furnished house or lives in an hotel for a period less than six months. Will he be called upon to pay Income Tax?

If this is an isolated visit, a stay of less than six months will not make him chargeable in respect of foreign income.

If he extends his visit to nine months will he be called upon to pay anything?

A stay of six months or upwards will make him chargeable on "remittances" of foreign income.

A Colonial Civil servant, who has all his life lived abroad, proposes to take a house in England, where his children, and occasionally his wife, may have a home while the children are being educated. He himself is to have three months' leave every year, and comes to the United Kingdom. He is at present stationed in Palestine, not a Colony, but a Mandated Province, where there is no Income Tax paid. Does he pay any Income Tax?

If (as is assumed) the Colonial Civil servant is not domiciled in the United Kingdom, he would be chargeable on "remittances" of foreign income.

## GRAINS.

PRICES "JUSTIFIABLY  
HIGH."

Messrs. Pentreath & Co., have forwarded us the following letter, dated July 17, which they have received from Messrs. Hornby, Hemelryk & Co., Liverpool:—

Very strong markets have been in evidence throughout the week under review. Prices have risen consistently, comparatively few reactions having been witnessed. The weather in Canada and in the Spring Wheat belt of the United States has been the dominating factor, but heavy buying of Plate Wheat by United Kingdom and Continental millers, more especially the latter, has also had an influence on the market.

CANADA.—Advices received during the week stated that the crop situation is becoming critical. Although light rains have fallen in Manitoba, rains are urgently needed in the South, and a crop of between 250,000,000 bushels is anticipated. This is significant when we reflect on the fact that it represents only about 70 per cent. of the average yield for the past three years.

Very little business is passing in wheat.

Harvesting is in progress in the Winter Wheat belt in the United States. The weather has, however, been unfavourable, and there has been some deterioration owing to heavy rains. A crop of about 600,000 bushels is still generally anticipated. More deterioration is reported in the Spring Wheat belt owing to the shortage of moisture, and a final yield of not more than 200,000,000 bushels is now expected.

More rains are also required in the Eastern States of Australia, and the outlook is therefore not very promising.

The Plate is still in need of rain, but no serious damage has yet been reported.

The European crops are showing promise, but we understand that complaints have been received of poor growth in Germany.

Shipments: 1,734,000 qrs. against 2,068,000 qrs. last week.

On Passage: 1,113,000 qrs. against 6,668,000 qrs. last week.

To review the situation: during the last 30 days the world's supply position has been completely reversed. Allowing for no further losses, the present probable world's supply about balances demand, and any further substantial losses in the Northern or Southern hemispheres will produce a theoretical shortage of supplies. Consequently, we consider that crop news will continue to dominate the market. Although present prices are high, they are justified, and further deterioration will certainly enhance values.

Sharp fluctuations are probable, but we now think that caution is advisable.

The visible supply in the United States of:—

Wheat: 125,504,000 bushels, 118,500,000 last week, 57,459,000 last year.

Corn: 12,740,000 bushels, 12,355,000 last week, 12,591,000 last year.

Oats: 7,429,000 bushels, 1,632,000 last week, 2,616,000 last year.

The visible supply in Canada of:—

Wheat: 64,031,000 bushels 64,698,000 last week, 50,990,000 last year.

Oats: 11,260,000 bushels, 11,729,000 last week, 2,937,000 last year.

(Continued on next column).

RUBBER ESTATE  
MURDER.

## THE RHIO TRAGEDY.

TWO SENTENCED TO  
DEATH.

The trial of persons accused of taking part in the murder of Mr. James Fletcher, English manager of the Chinese-owned Eastbourne Estate at Simping, Ohio, was concluded last week before Mynheer M. E. F. Israel, District Judge.

The outcome of the trial was that two men received sentence of death, one was condemned to 20 years' penal servitude, two received four years apiece, one was released for lack of evidence and another man was remanded for further evidence.

Besides these men two others became insane, one ran into the forest and has not since been seen while the other is under supervision. More than a dozen witnesses were examined and from these it is easy to reconstruct the story.

## The Attack.

Mr. Fletcher left his bungalow and walked down an estate road leading to the workshops and coolie line. The distance is about 350 yards, but half way, 20 yards back from the road there is a house belonging to one of the leaseholders. As he approached this house he was suddenly attacked by some 30 leaseholders who had been laying in wait for him. Of these about 12 engaged him, while the others spread around cutting off his escape. All were armed with parangs or long sticks.

As the gang rushed him Mr. Fletcher struck out and hit one man in the eye, but immediately after his left hand was slashed off, his eye was cut out and he received half a dozen body wounds. He then endeavoured to make for his bungalow, probably remembering that there was a shot gun on the premises.

He only covered a few yards when his knee tendons were cut and his right hand split to the wrist. He fell to the ground. Most of the crowd then ran away, but seven or eight men, according to an eye-witness, remained to dig their parangs into him and one mutilated his body with a small pen knife.

They then made for the manager's bungalow and looted it, obtaining some \$150 which was divided among the crowd. The gun, hidden behind some furniture they did not find.

## Knife at His Throat.

That evening a number held a mukam bekar in one of the huts. One of the witnesses, the Kerani, going into the estate kedai, was seized and held on the ground by some of the conspirators and, with a parang at his throat, was made to swear that he would give them away.

Another witness who was working on the estate learning to operate a Fordson tractor and drive a car, ran away to Kampong Simping, about three miles, where he obtained an outboard motor boat and arrived at Tandjong Pinang at 8 p.m. and gave information to the Police.

The police boat started out with two officers and six men accompanied by an English friend of the manager. The police arrived on the scene some hours later and took possession of the manager's empty bungalow. Meanwhile, the Englishman took charge of the body, which was so hacked about that it had to be rolled in a blanket, and took it back by motor boat to Tandjong Pinang where it was examined at the hospital and found to have received 38 wounds on the front and sides.

The motive for this murder was largely due to the fact that the deceased did not receive real co-operation from the leaseholders, and trouble owing to the loading of the pineapples in tankages provided by the management according to contract, the private selling of pineapples by the leaseholders contrary to contract and quarrels about monthly payments owing to their continual dealings contrary to contract. These men could not appreciate that the manager was trying to render them every assistance.

Many of those who took part in the murder are still at large.

We have received the following cables from America:—

Wheat: Prices have advanced on seasonally bullish news of the crop in the American Spring Wheat belt and in Canada, and on the poor outlook in the southern hemisphere. It is considered very probable that the world's crop will total 400,000 million bushels less than 1928, which will more than offset the increased world carryover. Higher prices are expected eventually, and purchases are favoured on fair recessions.

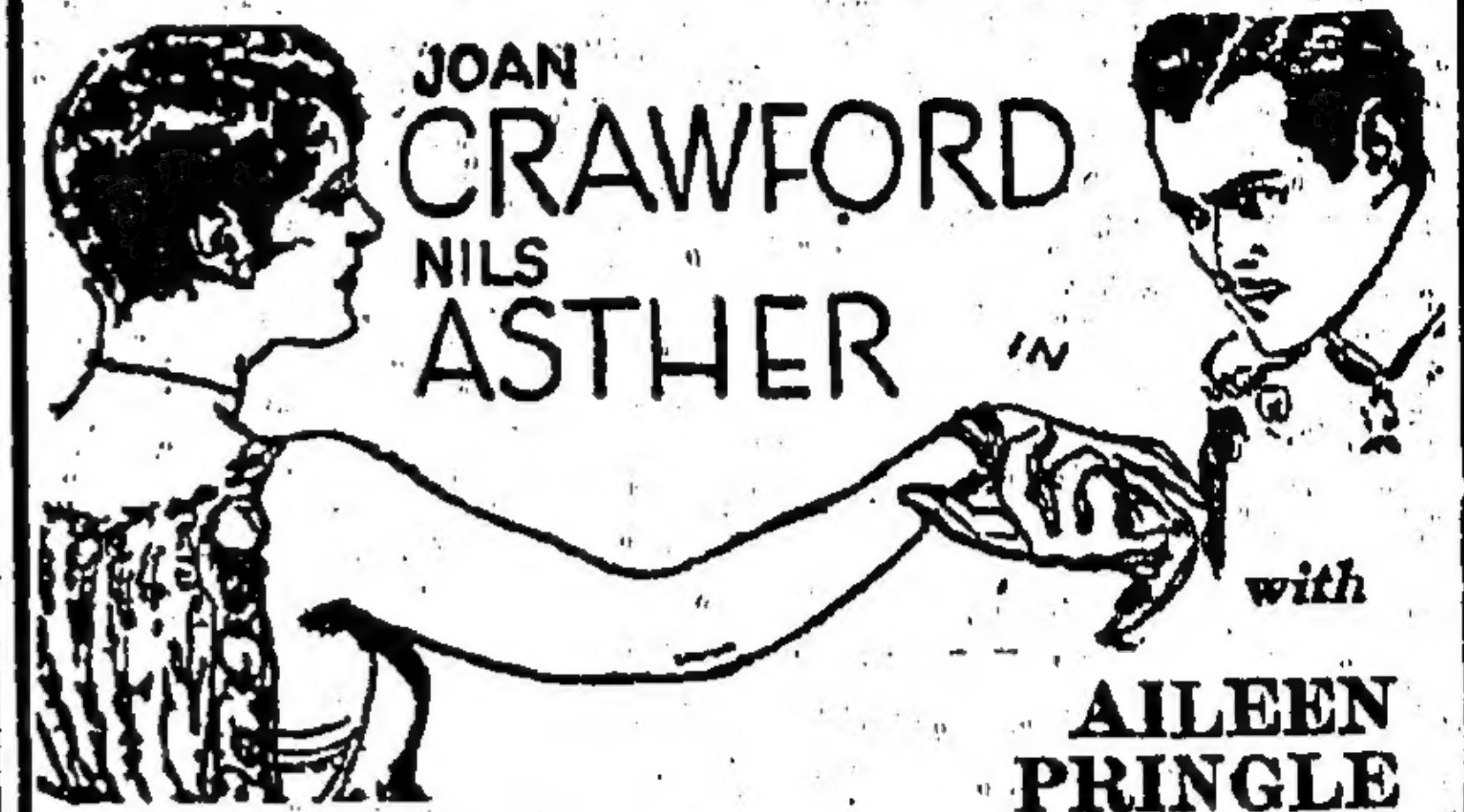
Corn: The crop and weather conditions are good, but the outlook is still uncertain. Corn is expected to follow the trend of Wheat prices.

Oats: A small Canadian crop of Oats is expected, and the American crop, which was recently reduced by drought in the Northwest, is also expected to be small.

Rye is selling at higher levels and is expected to move in sympathy with Wheat.

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Pres. Grant... Tues. Oct. 8  
Pres. Cleveland... Tues. Oct. 22

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Pres. Harrison... Sun. Oct. 20, 8 a.m.  
Pres. Polk... Sun. Sept. 22, 8 a.m.  
Pres. Johnson... Sun. Nov. 3, 8 a.m.  
Pres. Adams... Sun. Oct. 6, 8 a.m.  
Pres. Monroe... Sun. Nov. 17, 8 a.m.

**To Manila**

Pres. Jackson... Aug. 31, 6 p.m.  
Pres. Taft... Sept. 10, 6 p.m.  
Pres. McKim... Sept. 14, 6 p.m.

Pres. Jefferson... Sept. 24, 6 p.m.  
Pres. Grant... Sept. 28, 6 p.m.  
Pres. Lincoln... Oct. 8, 6 p.m.

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12, Pedder Street. Telephone: C. 2477, 2478 and 795.  
CANTON BRANCH—4, SHA KEE STREET.

**DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINE**  
AND  
**AMERICAN MAIL LINE**

**BARBER WILHELMSEN LINE**

Take great pleasure in announcing the inauguration of a new and direct service from New York and Pacific coast ports to the Far East and return, via the Panama Canal.

The m.v. "TAI YIN" will sail from Hong Kong on **September 12th** for San Francisco and New York arriving in San Francisco on **October 7th**, and in New York on **October 24th**.

Shippers are offered an all water service to New York in 42 days.

Passengers will fully appreciate the amenities of a trip to New York by water without change of vessel in record time.

A monthly service will be maintained.

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(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO. OF BATAVIA)

**THE MOTOR VESSEL**  
**"CREMER"**

Due to sail to SINGAPORE, BELAWAN, DELI and PENANG, on 29th August, at Noon.

Offers excellent Saloon accommodation.  
All lower berths. Doctor carried.  
English cuisine. Wireless telegraph.  
1st Class Fare to Singapore—\$125.

In connection with the Royal Packet Nav. Co.'s (K.P.M.) Service to all destinations in the Netherlands East Indies and Australia.

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Telephone 1574. YORK BUILDING, CANTON ROAD.

## H.K. VOLUNTEER CORPS.

### COMMANDANT'S ORDERS.

[ORDERS BY LT.-COL. L. O. BIRD, D.S.O., C.B.E., COMMANDANT.]

No. 35/30.

#### 1.—Training.

The attention of all O.S.C. Units armed with the Machine Gun is drawn to the importance of every man who is qualified to fire Part II. Table "T" Machine Gun firing Part I. of the same table first on the 30 yards range. The range is always available to units on their recognised days of parade or on application to the Adjutant.

The service Machine Guns will be available for firing as from Monday, September 2.

#### 2.—Musketry.

The Portuguese Company will fire Table "T" Rifle at Stonecutters Range on Sunday, September 1, 1929.

Range Officer: Lieut. J. Norrie

Launch will leave Queen's Pier at 8 a.m. and call at Kowloon Pier at 8.10 a.m.

Dress: Musketry Order, i.e., rifle, bayonet, belt, braces and pouches. Uniform or multi optional.

Arms will be drawn from Corps Headquarters on Friday, the 30th inst., between 9 a.m. and 12 noon, 2 and 4 p.m., or 5 and 6 p.m., and on Saturday, August 31, between 9 a.m. and 1 p.m.

#### 3.—Corps Band.

There will be a full Band practice at Corps Headquarters, at 5.30 p.m. on Friday, August 30, and Tuesday, September 3.

#### 4.—The Battery.

The training season opens on Friday, September 6, and it is hoped that all ranks will make an effort to attend.

Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. for Gun Drill and Signaling instruction.

Tuesday, September 3. Lectures at Corps Headquarters as previously notified.

Table "T" Musketry. Stonecutters Range is allotted to The Battery and Signals for firing the above on Sunday, September 8, and members are asked to keep this date free. Details will be advised later.

#### 5.—Engineer Company.

All ranks will parade at Corps Headquarters on Thursday, September 5, at 5.30 p.m. for discussion of the forthcoming training programme and issue of caps.

#### 6.—Corps Signals.

Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Monday and Thursday, September 2 and 5, for Signal Training. Dress: Multi.

Musketry Table "T" will be fired at Stonecutters Range on Thursday, September 5. Uniform optional, but rifle and bayonet, belt and pouches must be taken. Times of lunch will be given in next week's orders.

#### 7.—Mounted Infantry Company.

Thursday, September 5. All ranks will parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. for Machine Gun instruction. Dress: Multi.

#### 8.—Armoured Car Company.

CAR SECTION.

Monday, September 2. Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. for run around the Island in the Armoured Car.

Friday, September 6. All ranks will parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. for Driving Instruction, under C.S.M. C. R. Wilson. Dress: Multi.

#### 9.—Machine Gun Company.

Recruits will parade under Sgt. V. C. Branson, M.C., at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Friday, August 30, in multi with belt and sidearms.

Tuesday, September 3. The Company will parade as strong as possible at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. in multi for Machine Gun instruction. A meeting of Officers and N.C.O.'s will be held immediately after parade.

#### 10.—Scottish Company.

Thursday, September 5, 1929.

Parades. Nos. 5 and 7 Platoons will parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. for demonstration and instruction in Machine Gun Table "T". (This practice will be fired by the Company at Stonecutters Range on September 22 and November 3. Full details will be published later.)

No. 6 Platoon will parade at the 30 yards Range, Kennedy Road, at 5.30 p.m., for Machine Gun Tests. (The Ford Truck will leave Queen's Pier for Kennedy Road at 5 p.m.)

Musketry: Members of the Company who have yet to fire their Table "T" Rifle practice will have a final opportunity of doing so at Taikeo Range on Sunday, September 8.

Dress: Optional but rifle, bayonet, belt and pouches must be brought.

#### 11.—Portuguese Company.

MUSKETRY PART II.

Attention is drawn to Para 2 of this Order.

#### RECRUITS.

All recruits are reminded that they are expected to parade at Headquarters on Friday, August 30, at 5.30 p.m.

#### N.C.O.'s.

All N.C.O.'s are reminded that they are expected to parade at Headquarters on Friday, August 30, at 5.30 p.m.

#### COMPANY PARADE.

All ranks are reminded that the first Company Commanders parade of the Season will be on Friday, September 6, at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m.

Dress: Optional, but all clothing and equipment must be brought on parade.

#### PEAK RANGE.

For the information of all ranks the Peak Range has been allotted to the Company the last Sunday in each month during the coming training season, unless otherwise detailed.

The Ford Truck will leave Corps Headquarters at 8.45 a.m. for Taikeo Dock. Firing will commence at 9.30 a.m.

Range Officer: Lieut. H. R. Forsyth.

Rifles should be drawn from Corps Headquarters before noon on Saturday, September 7.

A meeting of the Scottish Company will be held at Corps Headquarters immediately after parade on Thursday, September 5 (about 6.45 p.m.) to decide whether or not the usual Halloween Dinner should be held this year. A good attendance of members is required.

11.—Portuguese Company.

MUSKETRY PART II.

Attention is drawn to Para 2 of this Order.

RECRUITS.

All recruits are reminded that they are expected to parade at Headquarters on Friday, August 30, at 5.30 p.m.

N.C.O.'s.

All N.C.O.'s are reminded that they are expected to parade at Headquarters on Friday, August 30, at 5.30 p.m.

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All ranks are reminded that the first Company Commanders parade of the Season will be on Friday, September 6, at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m.

Dress: Optional, but all clothing and equipment must be brought on parade.

PEAK RANGE.

For the information of all ranks the Peak Range has been allotted to the Company the last Sunday in each month during the coming training season, unless otherwise detailed.

12.—Strength.

The following recruits have been taken on the strength and posted as under—

No. 1493 Pte. E. B. Gammell, No. 1 Platoon, as from August 27, 1929.

No. 1494 Pte. I. D. Lenox, No. 4 Platoon, as from August 27, 1929.

No. 1495 Pte. J. M. Oliveira, No. 6 Platoon, as from August 27, 1929.

13.—Promotions and Appointments.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint Sergeant John Hubert Bottomley, to be Second Lieutenant in the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps, with effect from August 21, 1929. Authority C.S.O. No. 264/1929.

NO. 1 PLATOON.

No. 550 Corpl. J. R. Collis, to be Lance Sergeant.

No. 1137 L.-Cpl. D. L. Strellett, to be Corporal.

No. 1315 Pte. D. A. Rushton, to be Lance-Corporal.

All as from August 25, 1929.

NO. 3 PLATOON.

No. 757 Corpl. W. M. Groves, to be Lance-Sergeant, as from August 25, 1929.

14.—Command.

2/Lieut. J. H. Bottomley takes over command of the Corps Signals, as from August 21, 1929.

15.—Transfers.

No. 1281 Cnr. E. R. West and No. 1342 Cnr. R. D. Reimold are transferred from the Battery to No. 1 Platoon (Machine Gun Company), as from August 19, 1929.

16.—Reversion.

No. 1113 L.-Cpl. L. Raptis, Corps Signals, reverts to the ranks at his own request, as from August 26, 1929.

17.—Leaves.

No. 1139 Pte. J. A. Fox, No. 3 Platoon, from August 27 to September 27, 1929.

18.—Resignation.

The following extract from the Hong Kong Government Gazette No. 39 of August 23, 1929, is repeated for information—

"His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation by Second Lieutenant Ronald Dudley Read of his Commission in the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps, with effect from August 29, 1929."

19.—Struck Off the Strength.

Having left the Colony, as from May 31, 1929—No. 1355 Pte. G. R. Maskell, No. 5 Platoon (Scottish Company).

R. A. WOLFE MURRAY, Major, Adjutant, H.K.V.D.C. Hong Kong, August 30, 1929.

NOTICES.

1.—Promenade Concert.

Friday, September 13, 1929, at 9.15 p.m., on the Parade Ground at Volunteer Headquarters. By kind permission of Major B. C. Lake, D.S.O., and the Officers, the Band, 2nd Battalion the King's Own Scottish Borderers will play, assisted by the Corps Band. The Aloha Serenaders have also kindly consented to perform.

Tickets 81 each are obtainable on cash payment from Canteen and Mess Boys at Volunteer Headquarters and from Messrs. Anderson Music Co.

2.—The M.C. Company Rifle Club will meet on Sunday, September 1, to shoot off for the Company Commander's Cup at 9.30 a.m. on Peak Range.

## AMERICA'S "HUSH-HUSH" PLANE.

TO HAVE BEEN FLOWN BY LIEUT. WILLIAMS.

24-CYLINDER 1,200 H.P. PACKARD ENGINE.

"THE NAVY'S FLYING KNIFE."

PHILADELPHIA.—Two of America's cleverest aeronautical engineers have put the finishing touches on a slim little seaplane which was built secretly at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, with which the Navy's champion flier, Lieut. Alfred J. Williams, hoped to bring back to the United States the famed Schneider Cup and the world's speed record.

William Thurston and Harry Booth, Long Island expert civilian airplane builders, assisted the Government in the plane's construction. For months they have been tinkering with the tiny racer.

Secret Preparations.

Off in a secluded corner of the Navy Aircraft Factory at the Navy Yard, America's hope for the Schneider Trophy was completed in secrecy. Even Navy fliers and mechanics have not been permitted to become too curious concerning the details of the craft.

Only "Al" Williams, who made weekly visits from Washington, D.C., and high navy officials are permitted to inspect the plane closely.

Officials of the aircraft factory refused to give out any information about the machine, but it was understood to be the same one Williams intended to race last year but withdrew when he was unable to make sufficient trial tests. It was said, however, that the machine had been almost completely rebuilt.

Details of the body style are not yet known. It was said the craft is a biplane, extremely streamlined and trimmed down to "almost nothing." The fuselage is very narrow and the cockpit just large enough for a pilot to squeeze in. Once seated, he will have no room to shift his position more than a fraction of an inch to the right of left.

It is thought that, had it not been for the accident which led him to scratch from the race, Williams would have made a fine bid for the trophy.

The public will get its first look at the "Navy's flying knife" when the craft has been dubbed—when Williams makes his trial flight over the Delaware River.

Those who have had a fleeting glimpse of the plane believe Thurston's and Booth's tedious work of many months will not have been in vain. The consensus of opinion is that many valuable lessons have been learnt by the builders and, although there is no entry by America this year, the experimental work can continue until the acme of speed perfection is attained.

A Bid for Speed.

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and  
H.M. The Late King Edward VII.

His Majesty King George V.

**PURE SCOTCH LIQUEUR WHISKY**

10 years old.

**GEORGE BALLANTINE & SON, LTD.**

GLASGOW AND LONDON.  
DISTILLED IN SCOTLAND

If you want a really first class Scotch Whisky at a reasonable price, you can have no better than Ballantine's Liqueur Whisky. It is excellent.

**The French Store**  
Beaconsfield Arcade.

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at any time in every household. Every Bug, Flea, Beetle, Moth, Fly, etc., dies once it has come into proper contact with

**KEATING'S**

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION Co.'s  
S.S. "KARMA".

ARRIVES HONG KONG on 29th AUGUST, 1929.

FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, MALTA, PORTSAID, ADEN, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above-named Vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at TIAN KAI in the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark and Delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions have been given to the contrary Six hours before arrival of the Steamer.

Goods not cleared within 8 days, including date of arrival, will be subject to Rent by Mark and Delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees, and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. GODDARD & DOUGLAS, at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays, within the Free Storage period.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before 18th September, 1929, or they will not be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown.

MAKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.  
Hong Kong, 29th Aug. 1929. (8301)

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above-named Vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at TIAN KAI in the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark and Delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

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## ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

## ALEXANDRIA

Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.

## AMOI

Haining, Douglas, Aug. 30.  
Kingman, B. & S., Sept. 1.  
Haining, Douglas, Sept. 3.  
Haining, Jardine's, Sept. 3.  
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 4.  
Haining, Douglas, Sept. 6.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 6.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 6.  
Anking, B. & S., Sept. 8.  
Kutang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.  
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 14.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 18.  
Talamba, B.I., Sept. 18.  
Namsang, Jardine's, Sept. 20.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 20.

## ANTWERP

Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Philippines, B.F., Sept. 17.  
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.  
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

## AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Tanda, E. & A., Aug. 30.  
Taiping, B. & S., Sept. 17.  
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 23.  
Calulu, Dodwell's, Sept. 27.

## BALTI PORTS

Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

## BALTIMORE

Myrtlebank, Bank, Sept. 6.  
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.

## BANGKOK

Hiram, Thoresen, Sept. 1.  
Kaying, B. & S., Sept. 1.  
Anking, B. & S., Sept. 8.  
Hellas, Thoresen, Sept. 8.  
Kwangtung, B. & S., Sept. 8.  
Hellas, Thoresen, Sept. 13.  
Hirundo, Thoresen, Sept. 22.

## BELAWAN DELI

Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.

## BOMBAY

Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.  
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.

## BOSTON

Taketoyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 30.  
Wray Castle, Bank, Sept. 2.  
Myrtlebank, Bank, Sept. 6.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.  
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 10.  
Mayebashi Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 12.  
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.  
Cingalese Prince, Furness, Sept. 24.

## BREMEN

Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.  
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

## BRINDISI

Pine, Dodwell's, Sept. 6.  
Remo, Dodwell's, Sept. 16.

## CALCUTTA

Suisang, Jardine's, Sept. 2.  
Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 4.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 8.  
Garbata, B.I., Sept. 15.  
Kumsang, Jardine's, Sept. 16.

## CEBU

Illinois, S.S.S., Aug. 31.  
Golden Hind, S.S.S., Sept. 16.  
Iowa, S.S.S., Sept. 16.  
Tacoma, S.S.S., Sept. 18.

## CHEFOO

Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 3.  
Huichow, B. & S., Sept. 13.

## COLOMBO

Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 1.  
Ermland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Piave, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., Sept. 10.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.  
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.  
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.  
Remo, Dodwell's, Sept. 17.  
Burgeland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 21.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.  
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.  
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 24.  
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.

## COPENHAGEN

Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 7.  
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

## DALNY

Linan, B. & S., Sept. 4.  
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 7.  
Caucasus, B.F., Sept. 12.  
Vogtland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 18.  
Bloemfontein, Bank, Sept. 19.  
Aeneas, B.F., Sept. 23.  
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.

## DUTCH PORTS

Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 1.  
Ermland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.  
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 7.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
City of Bedford, Bank, Sept. 9.  
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.  
Burgeland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 21.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.  
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.  
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

## FOOCHOW

Haining, Douglas, Aug. 30.  
Haining, Douglas, Sept. 3.  
Haining, Douglas, Sept. 6.

## GENOA

Ermland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Proteilaus, B.F., Sept. 14.  
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.  
Burgeland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 21.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.

## GLASGOW

Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.  
City of Bedford, Bank, Sept. 9.  
Proteilaus, B.F., Sept. 14.  
Memnon, B.F., Sept. 16.

## GOTHENBURG

Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 7.  
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

## HAI PHONG AND HOIHOW

Canton, M.M., Aug. 31.  
Chekiang, B. & S., Aug. 31.  
Kwangtung, B. & S., Sept. 8.  
Tonkin, M.M., Sept. 10.

## HAMBURG

Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 1.  
Ermland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.  
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 7.  
City of Bedford, Bank, Sept. 9.  
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.  
Philippines, B.F., Sept. 17.  
Burgeland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 21.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.  
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

## HAVRE

Proteilaus, B.F., Sept. 14.  
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

## HONOLULU

Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 19.  
Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.

## ILOILO

Illinois, S.S.S., Aug. 31.  
Golden Hind, S.S.S., Sept. 16.  
Iowa, S.S.S., Sept. 16.  
Tacoma, S.S.S., Sept. 18.  
Calulu, Dodwell's, Sept. 27.

## JAPAN PORTS

Karmala, P. & O., Aug. 30.  
Duchessa d'Aosta, Dwell's, Sept. 3.  
Hosang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 3.  
Mentor, B.F., Sept. 3.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.  
Awa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Sept. 4.  
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.  
Nagapore, P. & O., Sept. 4.  
Rangoon Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.  
Onida, B.F., Sept. 6.  
Preussen, J.C.J.L., Sept. 7.  
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 8.  
Shidzuoka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 8.  
Angers, M.M., Sept. 10.  
Kutang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.  
St. Albans, E. & A., Sept. 10.  
Equilino, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.  
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.  
Tang, B.F., Sept. 12.  
Africa, Manners, Sept. 13.  
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 13.  
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 14.  
Mirzapore, P. & O., Sept. 17.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Sept. 17.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.  
Calchias, B.F., Sept. 19.  
Talamba, B.I., Sept. 19.  
Glenluc, Jardine's, Sept. 20.  
Namsang, Jardine's, Sept. 20.  
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 23.  
General Melchers, M.M., Sept. 24.  
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Sept. 24.  
Africa, Manners, Sept. 25.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., Sept. 25.  
Carnavonshire, Jardine's, Sept. 27.  
Duisburg, J.C.J.L., Sept. 27.  
Formosa, Gilman's, Sept. 27.  
Atreus, B.F., Sept. 30.

## JAVA PORTS

Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 7.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 10.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 14.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 24.

## LIVERPOOL

Proteilaus, B.F., Sept. 14.  
Memnon, B.F., Sept. 16.  
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.  
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.  
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.  
Remo, Dodwell's, Sept. 17.  
Burgeland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 21.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.  
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.  
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 24.  
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.

## LONDON

Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 1.  
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
City of Bedford, Bank, Sept. 9.  
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.  
Philippines, B.F., Sept. 17.  
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.  
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.

## LOS ANGELES

Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.  
Golden M'tain, S.S.S., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.  
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.  
Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Sept. 24.

## MANILA

Tanda, E. & A., Aug. 30.  
Illinois, S.S.S., Aug. 31.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Aug. 31.  
Ermland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Sept. 10.  
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 10.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 10.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 14.  
Iowa, S.S.S., Sept. 16.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., Sept. 17.  
Golden Hind, S.S.S., Sept. 16.  
Taiping, B. & S., Sept. 17.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 18.  
Burgeland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 21.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 24.  
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 25.  
Cingalese Prince, Furness, Sept. 28.  
Calulu, Dodwell's, Sept. 27.

## MARSEILLES

Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., Sept. 10.  
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.  
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.  
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.  
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.  
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 24.  
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.

## NAPLES

Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.

## NEWCHANG

Linan, B. & S., Sept. 4.  
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Sept. 5.  
Chipshing, Jardine's, Sept. 24.

## NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Wray Castle, Dodwell's, Sept. 2.  
Myrtlebank, Bank, Sept. 6.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.  
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 10.  
Mayebashi Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 12.  
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.  
Cingalese Prince, Furness, Sept. 24.

## NORTH CHINA

Preussen, J.C.J.L., Sept. 7.  
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 8.  
Africa, Manners, Sept. 13.  
Vogtland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 18.  
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.

## ORAN

Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.

## OSLO

Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

## PANAMA

Mayebashi Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 12.  
Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.

## PENANG

Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 1.  
Suisang, Jardine's, Sept. 2.  
Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 4.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 8.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.  
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.  
Garbata, B.I., Sept. 15.  
Kumsang, Jardine's, Sept. 16.  
Remo, Dodwell's, Sept. 17.  
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 19.  
Burgeland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 21.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.  
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.  
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 24.  
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.

## PORTLAND

Texas, S.S.S., Aug. 31.  
Caucasus, B.F., Sept. 12.  
Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Sept. 20.

## RABAU

Bremerhaven, Melchers, Sept. 9.  
Calulu, Dodwell's, Sept. 27.

## RANGOON

Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 3.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 8.

## SAIGON

D'Artagnan, M.M., Sept. 10.  
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 24.

## SANDAKAN

Tanda, E. & A., Aug. 30.  
Hinsang, Jardine's, Sept. 4.  
Maussang, Jardine's, Sept. 18.  
Calulu, Dodwell's, Sept. 27.

## SAN FRANCISCO

Texas, S.S.S., Aug. 31.  
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.  
Golden M'tain, S.S.S., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.  
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Sept. 24.

## SCANDINAVIAN PORTS

Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 7.  
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

## SEATTLE

Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.  
Shidzuoka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.  
Caucasus, B.F., Sept. 12.  
Teucer, B.F., Sept. 12.  
Everett, S.S.S., Sept. 13.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Sept. 17.  
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 23.

## SHANGHAI

Karmala, P. & O., Aug. 30.  
Shanai, B. & S., Aug. 30.  
Haining, Jardine's, Sept. 1.  
Kanchow, B. & S., Sept. 1.  
Soochow, B. & S., Sept. 1.  
Mirzapore, P. & O., Sept. 2.  
Nagapore, P. & O., Sept. 2.  
Sumatra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.  
Duchessa d'Aosta, Dwell's, Sept. 3.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 3.  
Mentor, B.F., Sept. 3.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.  
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 3.  
Awa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.  
Chakung, Jardine's, Sept. 4.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Sept. 4.  
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.  
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 4.  
Cheung, B. & S., Sept. 5.  
Onida, B.F., Sept. 6.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 6.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 6.

## SHANGHAI (Continued)

Preussen, J.C.J.L., Sept. 7.  
Luchow, B. & S., Sept. 8.  
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 8.  
Yatshing, Jardine's, Sept. 8.  
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 8.  
Shidzuoka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.  
Angers, M.M., Sept. 10.  
Kutang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.  
Alipore, P. & O., Sept. 11.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Sept. 11.  
Asphalion, B.F., Sept. 12.  
Equilino, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.  
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 12.  
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 13.  
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 13.  
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.  
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 14.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 16.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Sept. 17.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.  
Vogtland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 18.  
Calchias, B.F., Sept. 19.  
Talamba, B.I., Sept. 19.  
Glenluc, Jardine's, Sept. 20.  
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Sept. 20.  
Aeneas, B.F., Sept. 23.  
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 23.  
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.  
General Mettinger, M.M., Sept. 24.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Sept. 24.  
Africa, Manners, Sept. 25.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., Sept. 25.  
Carnavonshire, Jardine's, Sept. 27.  
Formosa, Gilman's, Sept. 27.  
Duisburg, J.C.J.L., Sept. 27.

## SINGAPORE

Kawachi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 30.  
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 1.  
Kingman, B. & S., Sept. 1.  
Suisang, Jardine's, Sept. 2.  
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.  
Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 4.  
Ermland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Piave, Dwell's, Sept. 7.  
Kwangtung, B. & S., Sept. 8.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 8.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
City of Bedford, Bank, Sept. 9.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., Sept. 10.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.  
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.  
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.  
Garbata, B.I., Sept. 15.  
Kumsang, Jardine's, Sept. 16.  
Remo, Dodwell's, Sept. 17.  
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 19.  
Burgeland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 21.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.  
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.  
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 24.  
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.  
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.

## SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

Kawachi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 30.  
Kanagawa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.

## SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS

Kawachi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 30.  
Kanagawa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.

## SWATOW

Haining, Douglas, Aug. 30.  
Haining, Jardine's, Sept. 1.  
Hiram, Thoresen, Sept. 1.  
Kaying, B. & S., Sept. 1.  
Kingman, B. & S., Sept. 1.  
Suisang, Jardine's, Sept. 2.  
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 3.  
Chakung, Jardine's, Sept. 4.  
Haining, Douglas, Sept. 4.  
Anking, B. & S., Sept. 8.  
Hellas, Thoresen, Sept. 8.  
Kwangtung, B. & S., Sept. 8.  
Yatshing, Jardine's, Sept. 8.  
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 8.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Sept. 11.  
Helios, Thoresen, Sept. 13.  
Hirundo, Thoresen, Sept. 22.

## TIENTSIN

Africa, Manners, Sept. 1.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 3.  
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Sept. 5.  
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 7.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 13.  
Vogtland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 18.  
Chipshing, Jardine's, Sept. 24.  
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.

## TRIESTE AND VENICE

Piave, Dodwell's, Sept. 6.  
Remo, Dodwell's, Sept. 16.

## TSINGTAO

Africa, Manners, Sept. 1.  
Haining, Jardine's, Sept. 1.  
Soochow, B. & S., Sept. 1.  
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 3.  
Chakung, Jardine's, Sept. 4.  
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 7.  
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 8.  
Yatshing, Jardine's, Sept. 8.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Sept. 11.  
Vogtland, J.C.J.L., Sept. 18.  
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.

## VANGOUVER, B.C.

Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Sept. 4.  
Tanda, E. & A., Sept. 12.  
Caucasus, B.F., Sept. 12.  
Everett, S.S.S., Sept. 13.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., Sept. 25.

## VICTORIA, B.C.

Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Sept. 4.  
Shidzuoka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.  
Teucer, B.F., Sept. 12.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Sept. 17.  
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 23.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., Sept. 25.

## VLADIVOSTOK

Sumatra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.  
Calchias, B.F., Sept. 19.  
Glenluc, Jardine's, Sept. 20.  
Carnavonshire, Jardine's, Sept. 27.  
Formosa, Gilman's, Sept. 27.

## WIDAIWEL

Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 3.  
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Sept. 5.  
Huichow, B. & S., Sept. 13.  
Chipshing, Jardine's, Sept. 24.

## EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS. CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

Aeneas due from Europe Sept. 23.  
Africa due from Europe Sept. 13.  
Agra due from Shanghai Sept. 2.  
Akita Maru arrived from Japan Aug. 29.  
Alipore due from Europe Sept. 10.  
Alster due from Shanghai Sept. 12.  
Amazon Maru due from Singapore Sept. 8.  
Angers due from Europe Sept. 10.  
Antenor due from Japan Sept. 4.  
Asia due from Shanghai Sept. 25.  
Asphalion due from Europe Sept. 12.  
Atreus due from Europe Sept. 30.  
Awa Maru arrived from Singapore Aug. 29.  
Bloemfontein, due from Singapore Sept. 18.  
Bokuyo Maru due from Singapore Sept. 5.  
Bremerhaven due from Rabaul Sept. 3.  
Burgeland due from Shanghai Sept. 21.  
Calchias due from Europe Sept. 19.  
Cingalese Prince due from New York Sept. 23.  
City of Canberra due from Singapore Sept. 10.  
City of Cardiff due from Singapore Oct. 14.  
City of Khartoum due from Europe Aug. 30.  
City of Melbourne due from Europe Aug. 30.  
City of Newcastle



# CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NINGBO & SHANGHAI	"SHANGHAI"	On 30th Aug.	3 p.m.
HONGKONG, PEKING & HAIKOW	"CHEKIANG"	On 31st Aug.	11 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KINGYUAN"	On 1st Sept.	8 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"ROGHOH"	On 1st Sept.	10 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KAYING"	On 1st Sept.	Noon
SHANGHAI	"KANOW"	On 1st Sept.	8 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SHANTUNG"	On 2nd Sept.	Noon
WANGSWAN, CHEKOW & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 2nd Sept.	3 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"LINAN"	On 3rd Sept.	8 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"CHENGTO"	On 3rd Sept.	3 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & BANGKOK	"ANKING"	On 3rd Sept.	8 a.m.
HONGKONG, SHANGHAI & BANGKOK	"KANGTUNG"	On 3rd Sept.	10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUICHANG"	On 3rd Sept.	Noon
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KANGCHOW"	On 3rd Sept.	3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"LUCHOW"	On 3rd Sept.	3 p.m.
WANGSWAN, CHEKOW & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 13th Sept.	11 a.m.

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TAIPING	10th September	17th September
CHANGTE	11th October	18th October

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"CITY OF NORWICH"	via Suez Canal	3rd Oct.
"DARDANUS"	via Suez Canal	28th Oct.

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D'ARTAGNAN ... 10th Sept.	ANGERS ... 10th Sept.
SEPHIR ... 24th Sept.	G. METZINGER ... 24th Sept.
ANGERS ... 8th Oct.	ANDRE LEBON ... 8th Oct.
G. METZINGER ... 22nd Oct.	PORTHOS ... 22nd Oct.
ANDRE LEBON ... 5th Nov.	CHERONCEAUX ... 5th Nov.
PORTHOS ... 19th Nov.	ATHOS II ... 19th Nov.
CHERONCEAUX ... 3rd Dec.	D'ARTAGNAN ... 3rd Dec.
ATHOS II ... 17th Dec.	ANGERS ... 17th Dec.

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## ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

AUGUST 28, 1929.																	AUGUST 29, 1929.																
STATION	Time	Barometer at Sea Level		Thermometer	Humidity	Wind			Direction	Force (Knots)	Direction	Force (Knots)	Barometer at Sea Level		Thermometer	Humidity	Wind			Direction	Force (Knots)	Direction	Force (Knots)										
		inches	millib.			direction	speed	direction					speed	inches			millib.	direction	speed					direction	speed								
Wladivostok...	12	29.52	749.7	68	...	N	2	0	6	...	...	...	...	29.68	758.8	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Netsuro	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.55	750.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Hokkaido	...	29.47	748.5	...	...	SSW	8	1	5	...	...	...	...	29.55	750.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Tokio	...	29.53	752.5	...	...	NE	1	0	...	...	...	...	...	29.76	758.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Kobe	...	29.74	755.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.76	758.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Nagasaki	...	29.80	757.0	...	...	N	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	29.80	757.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Kagoshima	...	29.80	757.0	...	...	N	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	29.80	757.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Oshima	...	29.82	757.5	...	...	NW	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	29.80	757.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Naha	...	29.86	758.3	...	...	SW	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.83	757.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Ishigaki	...	29.88	759.0	...	...	NE	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.83	757.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Bohai Island	...	29.90	759.3	...	...	W	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	29.80	759.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Chefoo	15	29.90	758.9	84	75	NW	1	b	r	6	...	...	...	29.74	755.4	70	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Shanghai	14	29.79	756.6	79	96	ESE	1	1	r	7	...	...	...	29.73	755.7	77	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Guangzhou	...	29.85	758.4	82	88	S	2	2	0	7	...	...	...	29.81	757.2	78	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Sharp Peak	...	29.80	756.9	80	88	S	2	2	0	7	...	...	...	29.74	755.4	86	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Amoy	...	29.82	757.4	82	67	SSE	2	2	0	6	...	...	...	29.79	756.6	81	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Swatow	...	29.88	757.7	86	77	E	2	2	0	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Taihekou	...	29.67	758.7	86	71	W	2	2	0	5	...	...	...	29.80	756.9	75	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Taihu	...	29.89	759.3	90	...	NW	2	2	0	5	...	...	...	29.84	757.8	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Taiwan	...	29.85	758.1	80	...	NW	2	2	0	5	...	...	...	29.80	756.9	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Kashan	...	29.85	758.1	90	...	ENE	2	2	0	6	...	...	...	29.79	756.6	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Pescadore	...	29.87	758.7	90	...	NW	2	2	0	6	...	...	...	29.79	756.6	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Hong Kong	14	29.81	757.2	85	75	ESE	3	3	0	6	...	...	...	29.77	756.1	79	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Gap Rock	...	29.81	757.2	...	...	ENE	3	3	0	6	...	...	...	29.77	756.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Macao	...	29.79	756.6	90	72	SE	2	2	0	6	...	...	...	29.75	755.7	79	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Hoihow	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Pratas Island	...	29.80	756.9	88	78	ENE	2	b	...	...	...	...	...	29.77	756.1	82	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Phu Lien	15	29.75	755.7	86	71	ESE	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	29.76	756.0	77	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Tourane	...	29.74	755.4	81	...	N	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	29.74	755.4	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Cape St. James	...	29.78	756.0	79	...	W	7	0	...	...	...	...	...	29.79	756.6	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Baco	14	29.79	756.6	86	71	SE	4	b	...	...	...	...	...	29.79	756.6	81	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Aparri	...	29.75	755.7	86	71	SSE	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	29.78	755.1	75	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Tuguegarao	...	29.76	756.0	86	63	NW	2	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Vigan	...	29.68	753.9	86	78	WNW	2	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Manila	...	29.72	754.8	84	74	SE	2	0	...	...	...	...	...	29.71	754.5	75	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Legaspi	...	29.71	754.5	88	84	...	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.69	754.2	73	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Calbayog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Tacloban	...	29.72	754.8	77	54	NW	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Iloilo	...	29.73	755.1	82	81	WSW	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Cebu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Surigao	...	29.72	754.8	77	92	SW	1	r	...	...	...	...	...	29.74	755.4	79	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
San Juan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.78	756.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Guam	12.22	29.78	756.3	...	...	SE	2	0	...	4.22	...	...	...	29.80	756.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Yap	11.00	29.80	756.9	...	...	...	0	r	...	5	...	...	...	29.80	756.9	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.87	758.7	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Pomape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.85	758.1	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Labuan	14	29.82	757.4	78	91	SW	6	b	...	5	...	...	...	29.83	757.7	79	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								

August 28, 10A. 50m.—Pressure is highest in the vicinity of the Boline, and is relatively low over China, and in a trough extending from Indo-China to the Ladrones. The depression remains to the north of Hokkaido, and a typhoon may be developing to the east of S. Luzon.  
 Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.99 inch. Total since January 1, 58.15 inches, against an average of 65.19 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON AUGUST 30.

District.

- 1.—Formosa Channel
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamock
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan

Forecast.

C. W. JEFFRIES, Director.

## HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, August 29.

	Previous Day	On Date	On Date
	at 4 p.m.	at 6 a.m.	at 2 p.m.
Barometer...	29.73	29.81	29.74
Temperature...	84	84	85
Humidity...	75	80	77
Wind...			
Direction...	E	E	ESE
Force...	3	2	3
Weather...	B	O	O
Rain...	0.01	0.00	0.00

Highest open-air temperature, 29.85.

Lowest open-air temperature, 29.79.

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Minor; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

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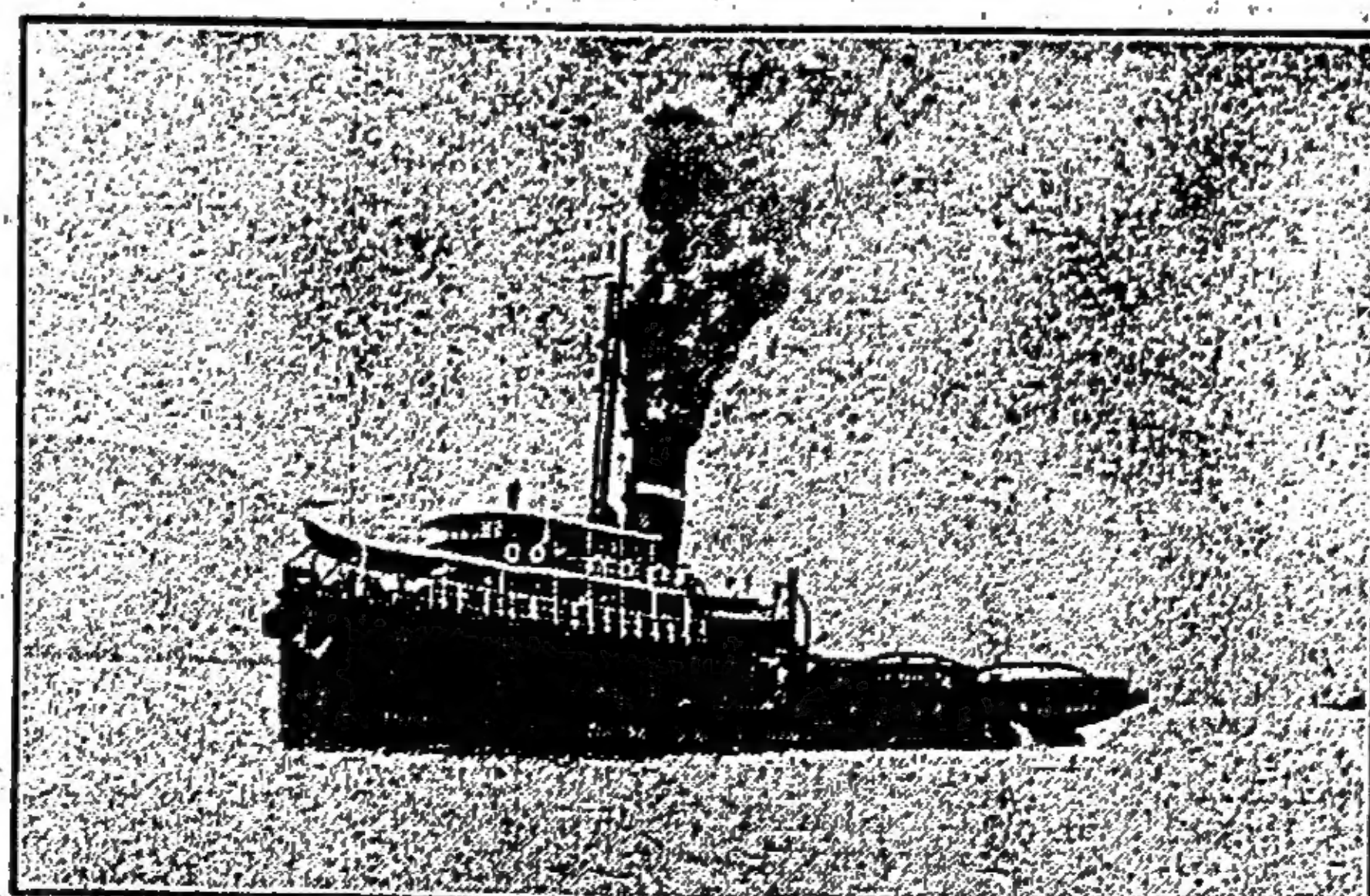
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TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"HANGSANG" "CHANGSANG" "YATSHING" "KWAISANG"	Sun. 1st Sept., at 3 p.m. Wed. 4th Sept., at Noon Sun. 8th Sept., at Noon Wed. 11th Sept., at Noon
ORAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	"HOBANG" "NAMSANG" "TUENSANG"	Fri. 3rd Sept., at Noon Sun. 8th Sept., at 7 a.m. Tues. 1st Oct., at 10 a.m.
ORAKA via AMOI, SHAL, MOJI & KOBE	"KUTSANG"	Tues. 10th Sept., at Noon
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	"SUISANG" "KUMSANG"	Mon. 2nd Sept., at 3 p.m. Mon. 16th Sept., at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	"HINSANG" "MAUSANG"	Wed. 4th Sept., at 3 p.m. Mon. 16th Sept., at 3 p.m.
TIENTSIN via WEL-HAI, WEI & NEWCHOW	"CHEONGSHING" "CHIPSING"	Tues. 3rd Sept., at Noon Tues. 24th Sept., at Noon

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Motor Vessel "GLENLUCE"	30th October
Motor Vessel "GLENBEG"	27th November

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Motor Vessel "GLENLUCE"	30th Sept.
Steamship "CARNARVONSHIRE"	27th Sept.
Motor Vessel "GLENBEG"	11th October
Steamship "Pembrokehire"	25th October
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